

DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP69512**Specification****DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q58HT5
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 158833**Other Names**

AWAT1; DGA2; DGAT2L3; Acyl-CoA wax alcohol acyltransferase 1; Diacylglycerol O-acyltransferase 2-like protein 3; Diacylglycerol acyltransferase 2; Long-chain-alcohol O-fatty-acyltransferase 1

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** AWAT1**Synonyms** DGA2, DGAT2L3**Function**

Acyltransferase that catalyzes the formation of ester bonds between fatty alcohols and fatty acyl-CoAs to form wax monoesters (PubMed:15671038). Shows a strong preference for decyl alcohol (C10), with less activity towards C16 and C18 alcohols (PubMed:15671038). Shows a strong preference for saturated acyl-CoAs (PubMed:15671038).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6E213}; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

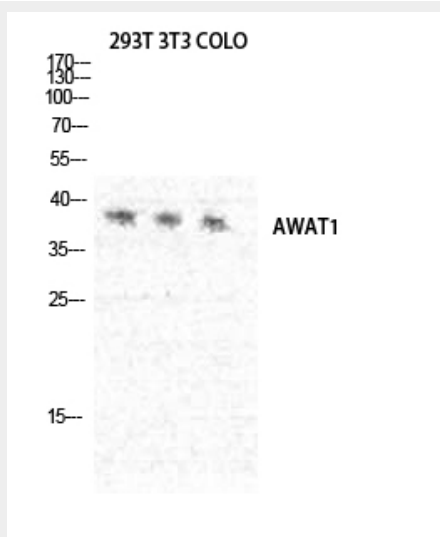
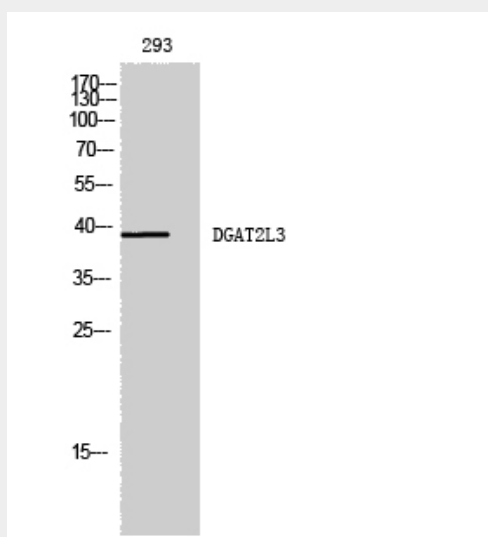
Predominantly expressed in skin, where it is limited to the sebaceous gland. Expressed in more mature, centrally located cells just before their rupture and sebum release. Also expressed in all tissues except spleen. Expressed at higher level in thymus, prostate and testis.

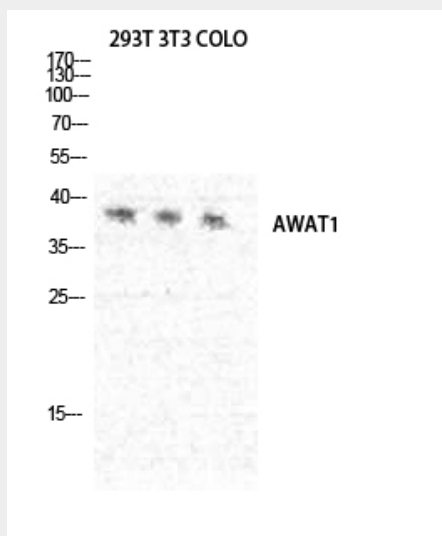
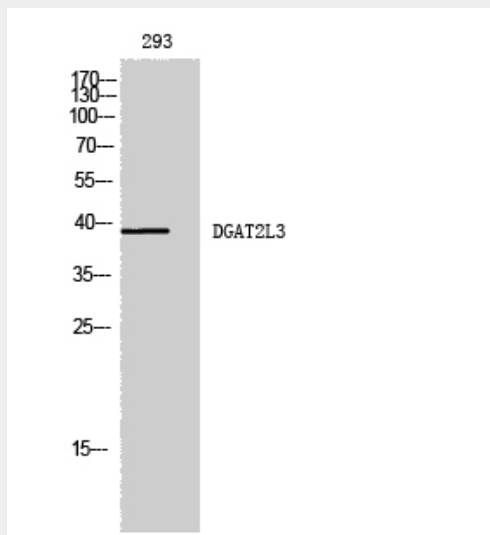
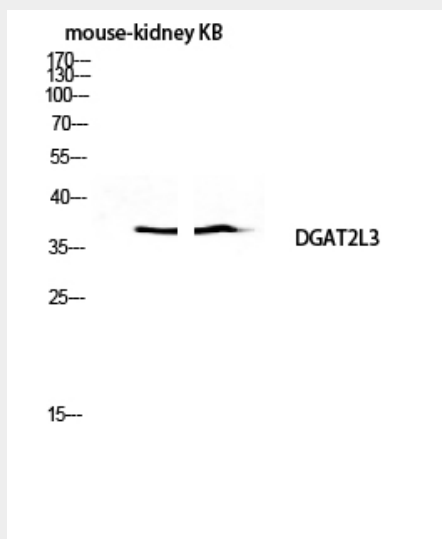
DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

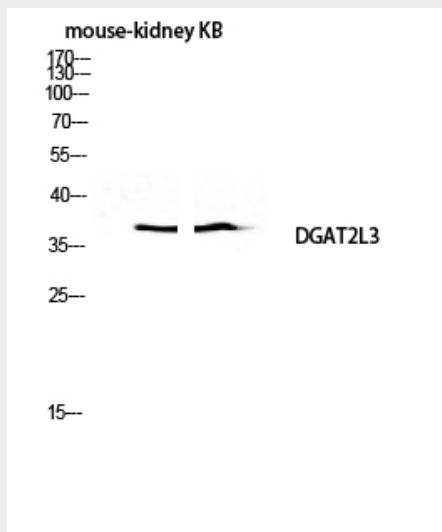
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody - Images







DGAT2L3 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Acyltransferase that predominantly esterify long chain (wax) alcohols with acyl-CoA-derived fatty acids to produce wax esters. Wax esters are enriched in sebum, suggesting that it plays a central role in lipid metabolism in skin. Has a preference for arachidyl alcohol as well as decyl alcohol, demonstrating its relatively poor activity using saturated long chain alcohols (C16, C18, and C20).