

eIF3<sub>ɛ</sub> Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69696

#### Specification

## eIF3<sub>ɛ</sub> Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality WB, IHC-P <u>000303</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

### eIF3<sub>E</sub> Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8665

**Other Names** EIF3F; EIF3S5; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit F; eIF3f; Deubiquitinating enzyme eIF3f; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit 5; eIF-3-epsilon; eIF3 p47

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions** -20°C

## eIF3<sub>ε</sub> Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name EIF3F {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03005}

Function

Component of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, which is required for several steps in the initiation of protein synthesis (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17581632" target="\_blank">17581632</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25849773" target="\_blank">25849773</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27462815" target="\_blank">27462815</a>). The elF-3 complex associates with the 40S ribosome and facilitates the recruitment of elF-1, elF-1A, elF-2:GTP:methionyl- tRNAi and elF-5 to form the 43S pre-initiation complex (43S PIC). The elF-3 complex stimulates mRNA recruitment to the 43S PIC and scanning of the mRNA for AUG recognition. The elF-3 complex is also required for disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes and subsequently prevents premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits prior to initiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17581632" target="\_blank">17581632</a>). The elF-3 complex specifically targets and initiates translation of a subset of mRNAs involved in cell proliferation, including cell cycling, differentiation and



apoptosis, and uses different modes of RNA stem-loop binding to exert either translational activation or repression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25849773" target="\_blank">25849773</a>).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03005}.

### eIF3<sub>ε</sub> Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## elF3<sub>ɛ</sub> Polyclonal Antibody - Images





# elF3<sub>ɛ</sub> Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Component of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, which is required for several steps in the initiation of protein synthesis (PubMed:17581632, PubMed:25849773, PubMed:27462815). The eIF-3 complex associates with the 40S ribosome and facilitates the recruitment of eIF-1, eIF-1A, eIF-2:GTP:methionyl-tRNAi and eIF-5 to form the 43S pre- initiation complex (43S PIC). The eIF-3 complex stimulates mRNA recruitment to the 43S PIC and scanning of the mRNA for AUG recognition. The eIF-3 complex is also required for disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes and subsequently prevents premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits prior to initiation (PubMed:17581632). The eIF- 3 complex specifically targets and initiates translation of a subset of mRNAs involved in cell proliferation, including cell cycling, differentiation and apoptosis, and uses different modes of RNA stem-loop binding to exert either translational activation or repression (PubMed:25849773).