

# **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP70209

### **Specification**

# **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IF
Primary Accession Q9Y653
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

# **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 9289

**Other Names** 

GPR56; TM7LN4; TM7XN1; G-protein coupled receptor 56; Protein TM7XN1

**Dilution** 

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

IF~~1:50~200

#### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### **Storage Conditions**

-20°C

### **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name ADGRG1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:26710850, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4512}

## **Function**

Adhesion G-protein coupled receptor (aGPCR) for steroid hormone 17alpha-hydroxypregnenolone (17-OH), which is involved in cell adhesion and cell-cell interactions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39389061" target="\_blank">39389061</a>). Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of downstream effectors, such as RhoA pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28874577" target="\_blank">28874577</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35418682" target="\_blank">35418682</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39389061" target="\_blank">39389061</a><a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22238662" target="\_blank">22238662</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22238662" target="\_blank">22238662</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28424266" target="\_blank">28424266</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35418682" target="\_blank">35418682</a>, Pub

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39389061" target=" blank">39389061</a>). Acts as a



potent suppressor of ferroptosis: binding to 17-OH-binding initiates signaling that down-regulates CD36 and alleviates ferroptosis-induced liver injury (By similarity). Ligand-binding also induces cell adhesion activity via association with proteins such as collagen III/COL3A1 and TGM2 (By similarity). Mediates cell matrix adhesion in developing neurons and hematopoietic stem cells (By similarity). Involved in cortical development, specifically in maintenance of the pial basement membrane integrity and in cortical lamination: association with COL3A1 in the developing brain inhibits neuronal migration via activation of the RhoA pathway (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24531968" target=" blank">24531968</a>). Together with TGM2, acts as a regulator of myelination and myelin repair in oligodendrocyte precursor cells (By similarity). Acts as a hemostatic sensor of shear force: G protein- coupled receptor signaling is activated in response to shear force in platelets, promoting G(13) G protein signaling, and platelet shape change and aggregation in a COL3A1-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33097663" target=" blank">33097663</a>). Acts as an inhibitor of VEGFA production thereby inhibiting angiogenesis through a signaling pathway mediated by PRKCA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16757564" target=" blank">16757564</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19572147" target="blank">19572147</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21724588" target=" blank">21724588</a>). Plays a role in the maintenance of hematopoietic stem cells in bone marrow niche (By similarity). Plays an essential role in testis development (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein [Adhesion G-protein coupled receptor G1, C-terminal fragment]: Membrane raft Note=Interaction with its ligand COL3A1 leads to the release of ADGRG1 NT from the membrane and triggers the association of ADGRG1 CT with lipid rafts.

#### **Tissue Location**

Widely distributed with highest levels found in thyroid gland, brain and heart. Expressed in a great number of tumor cells. Expression is down-regulated in different tumors from highly metastatic cells.

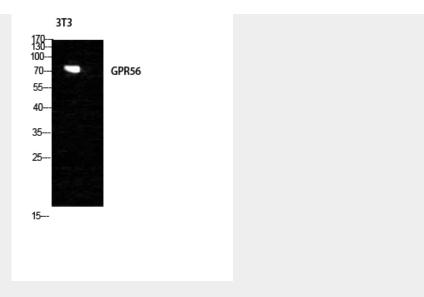
# **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**





Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1□1000

# **GPR56 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Receptor involved in cell adhesion and probably in cell- cell interactions. Mediates cell matrix adhesion in developing neurons and hematopoietic stem cells. Receptor for collagen III/COL3A1 in the developing brain and involved in regulation of cortical development, specifically in maintenance of the pial basement membrane integrity and in cortical lamination (By similarity). Binding to the COL3A1 ligand inhibits neuronal migration and activates the RhoA pathway by coupling to GNA13 and possibly GNA12 (PubMed:22238662). Plays a role in the maintenance of hematopoietic stem cells and/or leukemia stem cells in bone marrow niche (By similarity). Plays a critical role in cancer progression by inhibiting VEGFA production threreby inhibiting angiogenesis through a signaling pathway mediated by PRKCA (PubMed:16757564, PubMed:21724588). Plays an essential role in testis development (By similarity).