

HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP70421**Specification****HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q96JB5
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 80279**Other Names**

CDK5RAP3; IC53; MSTP016; OK/SW-cl.114; PP1553; CDK5 regulatory subunit-associated protein 3; CDK5 activator-binding protein C53; Protein HSF-27

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

IHC-P~~N/A

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** CDK5RAP3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:30635284, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:18673}**Function**

Substrate adapter of E3 ligase complexes mediating ufmylation, the covalent attachment of the ubiquitin-like modifier UFM1 to substrate proteins, and which is involved in various processes, such as ribosome recycling and reticulophagy (also called ER-phagy) (PubMed:23152784, PubMed:30635284, PubMed:32851973, PubMed:36121123, PubMed:36543799, PubMed:37595036, PubMed:38383785, PubMed:38383789). As part of the UREL complex, plays a key role in ribosome recycling by promoting mono-ufmylation of RPL26/uL24 subunit of the 60S ribosome (PubMed:<a

[38383785](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785), PubMed: [38383789](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789)). Ufmlylation of RPL26/uL24 occurs on free 60S ribosomes following ribosome dissociation: it weakens the junction between post-termination 60S subunits and SEC61 translocons, promoting release and recycling of the large ribosomal subunit from the endoplasmic reticulum membrane (PubMed: [38383785](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785), PubMed: [38383789](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789)). Ufmlylation of RPL26/uL24 and subsequent 60S ribosome recycling either take place after normal termination of translation or after ribosome stalling during cotranslational translocation at the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed: [32851973](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32851973), PubMed: [37595036](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37595036), PubMed: [38383785](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785), PubMed: [38383789](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789)). Within the UREL complex, CDK5RAP3 acts as a substrate adapter that constrains UFL1 ligase activity to mono-ufmylate RPL26/uL24 at 'Lys-134' (PubMed: [36121123](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36121123), PubMed: [38383785](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383785), PubMed: [38383789](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38383789)). The UREL complex is also involved in reticulophagy in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress by promoting ufmlylation of proteins such as CYB5R3, thereby promoting lysosomal degradation of ufmlylated proteins (PubMed: [36543799](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36543799)). Also acts as a regulator of transcription: negatively regulates NF-kappa-B-mediated gene transcription through the control of RELA phosphorylation (PubMed: [17785205](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17785205), PubMed: [20228063](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20228063)). Also regulates mitotic G2/M transition checkpoint and mitotic G2 DNA damage checkpoint (PubMed: [15790566](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15790566), PubMed: [19223857](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19223857)). Through its interaction with CDKN2A/ARF and MDM2 may induce MDM2-dependent p53/TP53 ubiquitination, stabilization and activation in the nucleus, thereby promoting G1 cell cycle arrest and inhibition of cell proliferation (PubMed: [16173922](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16173922)). May also play a role in the rupture of the nuclear envelope during apoptosis (PubMed: [23478299](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23478299)). May regulate MAPK14 activity by regulating its dephosphorylation by PPM1D/WIP1 (PubMed: [21283629](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21283629)). Required for liver development (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Tethered to the endoplasmic reticulum membrane as part of the UFM1 ribosome E3 ligase (UREL) complex (PubMed:38383785, PubMed:38383789). Colocalizes and associates with microtubules (PubMed:23478299)

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed (PubMed:10721722, PubMed:12054757). Expressed in heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Isoform 3 is expressed in kidney, liver, skeletal muscle and placenta (PubMed:12737517)

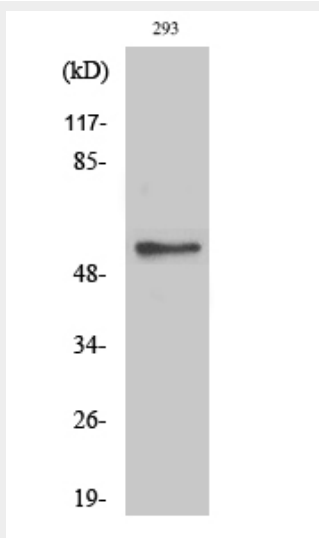
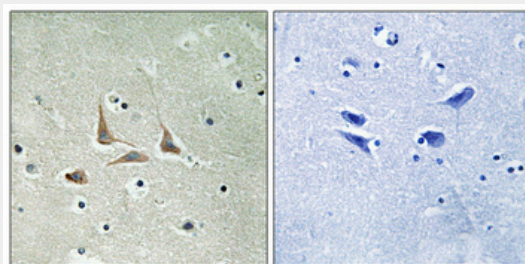
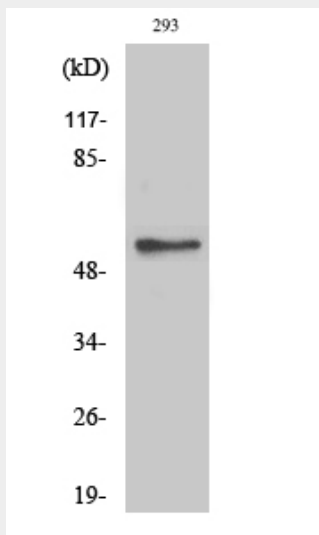
HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

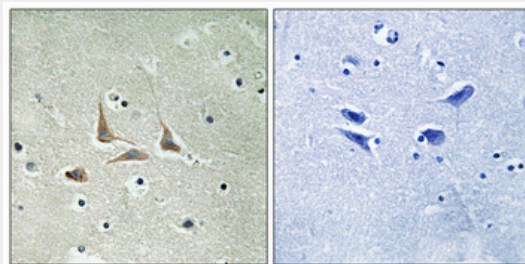
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody - Images





HSF-27 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Probable tumor suppressor initially identified as a CDK5R1 interactor controlling cell proliferation (PubMed:12054757, PubMed:12737517). Negatively regulates NF-kappa-B-mediated gene transcription through the control of RELA phosphorylation (PubMed:17785205, PubMed:20228063). Also regulates mitotic G2/M transition checkpoint and mitotic G2 DNA damage checkpoint (PubMed:15790566, PubMed:19223857). Through its interaction with CDKN2A/ARF and MDM2 may induce MDM2-dependent p53/TP53 ubiquitination, stabilization and activation in the nucleus, thereby promoting G1 cell cycle arrest and inhibition of cell proliferation (PubMed:16173922). May play a role in the unfolded protein response, mediating the ufmylation of multiple proteins in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress (PubMed:23152784). May also play a role in the rupture of the nuclear envelope during apoptosis (PubMed:23478299). May regulate MAPK14 activity by regulating its dephosphorylation by PPM1D/WIP1 (PubMed:21283629).