

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7044a

Specification

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession P14618

Other Accession <u>P11980</u>, <u>P11974</u>, <u>P52480</u>, <u>P14786</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Rabbit, Rat
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Antigen Region

Human, Mouse
Rabbit, Rat
Rabbit
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
121-151

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5315

Other Names

Pyruvate kinase PKM, Cytosolic thyroid hormone-binding protein, CTHBP, Opa-interacting protein 3, OIP-3, Pyruvate kinase 2/3, Pyruvate kinase muscle isozyme, Thyroid hormone-binding protein 1, THBP1, Tumor M2-PK, p58, PKM, OIP3, PK2, PK3, PKM2

Target/Specificity

This Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 121-151 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2).

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information



Name PKM

Synonyms OIP3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9466265}, PK2,

Function Catalyzes the final rate-limiting step of glycolysis by mediating the transfer of a phosphoryl group from phosphoenolpyruvate (PEP) to ADP, generating ATP (PubMed:15996096, PubMed:1854723, PubMed:20847263). The ratio between the highly active tetrameric form and nearly inactive dimeric form determines whether glucose carbons are channeled to biosynthetic processes or used for glycolytic ATP production (PubMed:15996096, PubMed:1854723, PubMed:20847263). The transition between the 2 forms contributes to the control of glycolysis and is important for tumor cell proliferation and survival (PubMed:15996096, PubMed:1854723, PubMed:20847263).

Cellular Location

[Isoform M2]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Translocates to the nucleus in response to various signals, such as EGF receptor activation or apoptotic stimuli (PubMed:17308100, PubMed:22056988, PubMed:24120661). Nuclear translocation is promoted by acetylation by EP300 (PubMed:24120661). Deacetylation by SIRT6 promotes its nuclear export in a process dependent of XPO4, thereby suppressing its ability to activate transcription and promote tumorigenesis (PubMed:26787900).

Tissue Location

[Isoform M2]: Specifically expressed in proliferating cells, such as embryonic stem cells, embryonic carcinoma cells, as well as cancer cells.

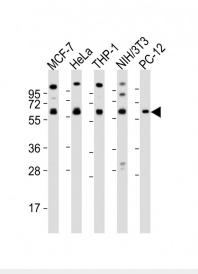
Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

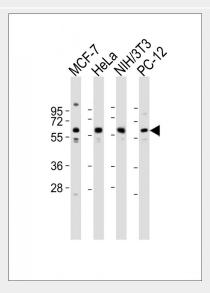
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Images





All lanes : Anti-PKM2(K136) antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: MCF-7 whole cell lysates Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysates Lane 3: THP-1 whole cell lysates Lane 4: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates Lane 5: PC-12 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 58 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



All lanes: Anti-PKM2(K136) antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: MCF-7 whole cell lysates Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysates Lane 3: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates Lane 4: PC-12 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 58 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

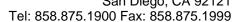
Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Background

PKM2 is a pyruvate kinase that catalyzes the production of phosphoenolpyruvate from pyruvate and ATP. This protein has been shown to interact with thyroid hormone, and thus may mediate cellular metabolic effects induced by thyroid hormones. This protein has been found to bind Opa protein, a bacterial outer membrane protein involved in gonococcal adherence to and invasion of human cells, suggesting a role of this protein in bacterial pathogenesis.

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - References

Williams, J.M., et al., Mol. Microbiol. 27(1):171-186 (1998).







Gress, T.M., et al., Oncogene 13(8):1819-1830 (1996). Takenaka, M., et al., Eur. J. Biochem. 198(1):101-106 (1991). Kato, H., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86(20):7861-7865 (1989). Tsutsumi, H., et al., Genomics 2(1):86-89 (1988).

Pyruvate Kinase (PKM2) Antibody (N-term) - Citations

• Upregulation of glycolytic enzymes in proteins secreted from human colon cancer cells with 5-fluorouracil resistance.