

# MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7058a

## **Specification**

# MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O9HBH9

Other Accession <u>Q5U2N4</u>, <u>Q8CDB0</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Antigen Region

Human
Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
70-100

## MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 2872**

### **Other Names**

MAP kinase-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 2, MAP kinase signal-integrating kinase 2, MAPK signal-integrating kinase 2, Mnk2, MKNK2, GPRK7, MNK2

# Target/Specificity

This MNK2 (MKNK2) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 70-100 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MNK2 (MKNK2).

### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

## **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

# **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

# Name MKNK2



## Synonyms GPRK7, MNK2

**Function** Serine/threonine-protein kinase that phosphorylates SFPQ/PSF, HNRNPA1 and EIF4E. May play a role in the response to environmental stress and cytokines. Appears to regulate translation by phosphorylating EIF4E, thus increasing the affinity of this protein for the 7-methylguanosine-containing mRNA cap. Required for mediating PP2A- inhibition-induced EIF4E phosphorylation. Triggers EIF4E shuttling from cytoplasm to nucleus. Isoform 1 displays a high basal kinase activity, but isoform 2 exhibits a very low kinase activity. Acts as a mediator of the suppressive effects of IFNgamma on hematopoiesis. Negative regulator for signals that control generation of arsenic trioxide As(2)O(3)-dependent apoptosis and anti-leukemic responses. Involved in anti-apoptotic signaling in response to serum withdrawal.

### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 2]: Nucleus, PML body.

### **Tissue Location**

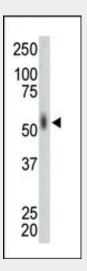
Ubiquitously expressed in all tissues examined. Isoform 2 is expressed at higher levels in the ovary than is isoform 1

### MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) - Images



The anti-MKNK2 Pab (Cat. #AP7058a) is used in Western blot to detect MKNK2 in mouse lung tissue lysate.

MNK2 (MKNK2) Antibody (N-term) - Background







MAP kinase-interacting kinase 1 (Mnk1) and Mnk2, members of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family, bind tightly to the growth factor-regulated MAP kinases, Erk1 and Erk2. Erk and p38 phosphorylate MNK1 and Mnk2, which stimulates their in vitro kinase activity toward a substrate, eukaryotic initiation factor-4E (eIF-4E). Overexpression of Mnk2 results in increased phosphorylation of endogenous eIF-4E, showing that it can act as an eIF-4E kinase in vivo. Mnk2 may play a role in the response to environmental stress and cytokines. This ubiquitiously expressed protein appears to regulate transcription by phosphorylating eIF-4E, thus increasing the affinity of this protein for the 7-methylguanosine-containing mRNA cap. Expression of active mutants of MNK1 and MNK2 in 293 cells diminishes cap-dependent translation relative to cap-independent translation in a transient reporter assay. Human Mnk2 is homologous to murine Mnk2 (approximately 94% identical) and human Mnk1 (71% identical). In vitro phosphorylation studies show that Mnk2 is a significantly better substrate than Mnk1 for extracellular signal-regulated kinase 2 (Erk2), p38MAPKalpha, and p38MAPKbeta. Mnk2 has also been shown to interact with the C-terminal regions of eIF-4G1 and eIF-4G2.