

## **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # AP70871** 

# **Specification**

## **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

**Application WB Primary Accession** 099750

Reactivity Human, Mouse Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** 

## **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 4188** 

**Other Names** 

MDFI; MyoD family inhibitor; Myogenic repressor I-mf

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions** 

-20°C

# **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

## Name MDFI

#### **Function**

Inhibits the transactivation activity of the Myod family of myogenic factors and represses myogenesis. Acts by associating with Myod family members and retaining them in the cytoplasm by masking their nuclear localization signals. Can also interfere with the DNA- binding activity of Myod family members. Plays an important role in trophoblast and chondrogenic differentiation. Regulates the transcriptional activity of TCF7L1/TCF3 by interacting directly with TCF7L1/TCF3 and preventing it from binding DNA. Binds to the axin complex, resulting in an increase in the level of free beta-catenin. Affects axin regulation of the WNT and JNK signaling pathways (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus. Cytoplasm.

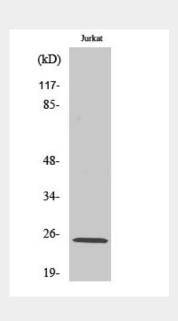
## **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

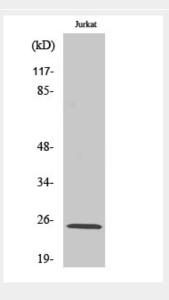
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody - Images**





## **MDFI Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Inhibits the transactivation activity of the Myod family of myogenic factors and represses myogenesis. Acts by associating with Myod family members and retaining them in the cytoplasm by masking their nuclear localization signals. Can also interfere with the DNA-binding activity of Myod family members. Plays an important role in trophoblast and chondrogenic differentiation. Regulates the transcriptional activity of TCF7L1/TCF3 by interacting directly with TCF7L1/TCF3 and preventing





it from binding DNA. Binds to the axin complex, resulting in an increase in the level of free beta-catenin. Affects axin regulation of the WNT and JNK signaling pathways (By similarity).