

NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP71177

Specification

NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession O8NFF2

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal

NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 123041

Other Names

SLC24A4; NCKX4; Sodium/potassium/calcium exchanger 4; Na(+)/K(+)/Ca(2+)-exchange protein 4; Solute carrier family 24 member 4

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name SLC24A4 (<u>HGNC:10978</u>)

Function

Calcium, potassium:sodium antiporter that transports 1 Ca(2+) and 1 K(+) in exchange for 4 Na(+) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12379639"

target="_blank">12379639, PubMed:26631410). Controls the rapid response termination and proper regulation of adaptation in olfactory sensory neurons (OSNs) which subsequently influences how odor information is encoded and perceived (By similarity). May play a role in calcium transport during amelogenesis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23375655"

target="_blank">23375655, PubMed:24621671).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CGQ8}

Tissue Location

Expressed abundantly in all regions of the brain, aorta, lung and thymus (PubMed:12379639).



Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

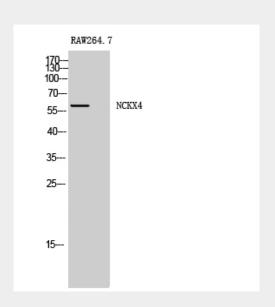
Expressed at lower levels in the stomach and intestine (PubMed:12379639)

NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



NCKX4 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Transports 1 Ca(2+) and 1 K(+) in exchange for 4 Na(+). Controls the rapid response termination and proper regulation of adaptation in olfactory sensory neurons (OSNs) which subsequently influences how odor information is encoded and perceived. May play a role in calcium transport during amelogenesis (By similarity).