

PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP71773

Specification

PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application

Primary Accession

Reactivity

Host

Clonality

WB, IHC-P, IF

O8TEW0

Human, Mouse, Rat

Rabbit

Polyclonal

PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 56288

Other Names

PARD3; PAR3; PAR3A; Partitioning defective 3 homolog; PAR-3; PARD-3; Atypical PKC isotype-specific-interacting protein; ASIP; CTCL tumor antigen se2-5; PAR3-alpha

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name PARD3 (HGNC:16051)

Synonyms PAR3, PAR3A

Function

Adapter protein involved in asymmetrical cell division and cell polarization processes (PubMed:10954424, PubMed:27925688). Seems to play a central role in the formation of epithelial tight junctions (PubMed:27925688). Targets the phosphatase PTEN to cell junctions (By similarity). Involved in Schwann cell peripheral myelination (By similarity). Association with PARD6B may prevent the interaction of PARD3 with F11R/JAM1, thereby preventing tight junction assembly (By similarity). The PARD6-PARD3 complex links GTP-bound Rho small GTPases to atypical protein kinase C proteins (PubMed:10934474). Required for





establishment of neuronal polarity and normal axon formation in cultured hippocampal neurons (PubMed:19812038, PubMed:27925688).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Endomembrane system. Cell junction. Cell junction, tight junction. Cell junction, adherens junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q99NH2}. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cell cortex. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Localized along the cell-cell contact region. Colocalizes with PARD6A and PRKCI at epithelial tight junctions. Colocalizes with the cortical actin that overlays the meiotic spindle during metaphase I and metaphase II. Colocalized with SIRT2 in internode region of myelin sheath (By similarity). Presence of KRIT1, CDH5 and RAP1B is required for its localization to the cell junction.

Tissue Location

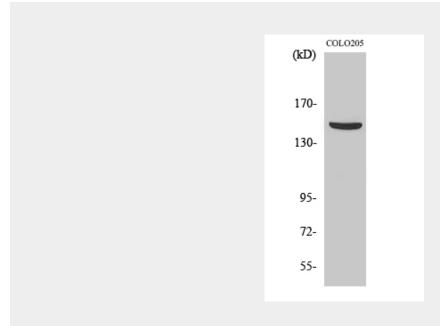
Widely expressed..

PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

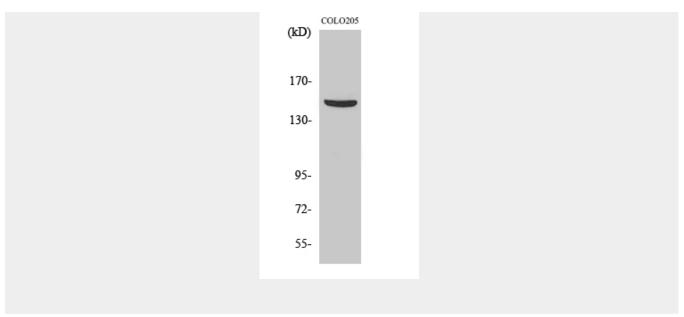
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody - Images







PARD3A Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Adapter protein involved in asymmetrical cell division and cell polarization processes (PubMed:27925688, PubMed:10954424). Seems to play a central role in the formation of epithelial tight junctions (PubMed:27925688). Targets the phosphatase PTEN to cell junctions (By similarity). Involved in Schwann cell peripheral myelination (By similarity). Association with PARD6B may prevent the interaction of PARD3 with F11R/JAM1, thereby preventing tight junction assembly (By similarity). The PARD6-PARD3 complex links GTP-bound Rho small GTPases to atypical protein kinase C proteins (PubMed:10934474). Required for establishment of neuronal polarity and normal axon formation in cultured hippocampal neurons (PubMed:19812038, PubMed:27925688).