

# **PERK Polyclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # AP71850** 

# **Specification**

# **PERK Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P, IF
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
WB, IHC-P, IF
O9NZJ5
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal

## **PERK Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 9451**

#### **Other Names**

EIF2AK3; PEK; PERK; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2-alpha kinase 3; PRKR-like endoplasmic reticulum kinase; Pancreatic eIF2-alpha kinase; HsPEK

## **Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

#### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

# **Storage Conditions**

-20°C

## **PERK Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name EIF2AK3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10932183, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:3255}

## **Function**

Metabolic-stress sensing protein kinase that phosphorylates the alpha subunit of eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 (EIF2S1/eIF-2-alpha) in response to various stress, such as unfolded protein response (UPR) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10026192" target="\_blank">10026192</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10677345" target="\_blank">10677345</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1907036" target="\_blank">11907036</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12086964" target="\_blank">12086964</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25925385" target="\_blank">25925385</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31023583" target="\_blank">31023583</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1023583" target="\_blank">31023583</a>, Ney effector of the integrated stress response (ISR) to unfolded proteins: EIF2AK3/PERK specifically recognizes and binds misfolded proteins, leading to its activation and EIF2S1/eIF-2-alpha phosphorylation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10677345" target=" blank">10677345</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10677345" target=" blank">10677345</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10677345" target=" blank">10677345</a>, PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27917829" target=" blank">27917829</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31023583" target="blank">31023583</a>). EIF2S1/eIF-2-alpha phosphorylation in response to stress converts EIF2S1/eIF-2-alpha in a global protein synthesis inhibitor, leading to a global attenuation of cap-dependent translation, while concomitantly initiating the preferential translation of ISR-specific mRNAs, such as the transcriptional activators ATF4 and QRICH1, and hence allowing ATF4- and QRICH1-mediated reprogramming (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10026192" target=" blank">10026192</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10677345" target="blank">10677345</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31023583" target="\_blank">31023583</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33384352" target=" blank">33384352</a>). The EIF2AK3/PERK- mediated unfolded protein response increases mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation by promoting ATF4-mediated expression of COX7A2L/SCAF1, thereby increasing formation of respiratory chain supercomplexes (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31023583" target=" blank">31023583</a>). In contrast to most subcellular compartments, mitochondria are protected from the EIF2AK3/PERK-mediated unfolded protein response due to EIF2AK3/PERK inhibition by ATAD3A at mitochondria-endoplasmic reticulum contact sites (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39116259" target=" blank">39116259</a>). In addition to EIF2S1/eIF-2-alpha, also phosphorylates NFE2L2/NRF2 in response to stress, promoting release of NFE2L2/NRF2 from the BCR(KEAP1) complex, leading to nuclear accumulation and activation of NFE2L2/NRF2 (By similarity). Serves as a critical effector of unfolded protein response (UPR)-induced G1 growth arrest due to the loss of cyclin-D1 (CCND1) (By similarity). Involved in control of mitochondrial morphology and function (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2B5}; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Localizes to the Localizes to endoplasmic reticulum membrane (By similarity). Also present at mitochondria-endoplasmic reticulum contact sites; where it interacts with ATAD3A (PubMed:39116259). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9Z2B5, ECO:0000269|PubMed:39116259}

### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous. A high level expression is seen in secretory tissues.

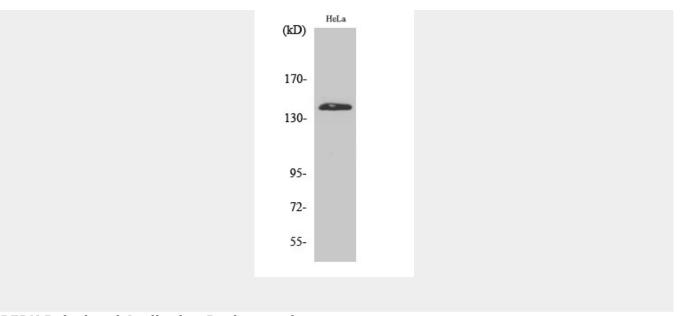
### **PERK Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **PERK Polyclonal Antibody - Images**





# **PERK Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Metabolic-stress sensing protein kinase that phosphorylates the alpha subunit of eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 (eIF-2-alpha/EIF2S1) on 'Ser-52' during the unfolded protein response (UPR) and in response to low amino acid availability. Converts phosphorylated eIF-2-alpha/EIF2S1 either in a global protein synthesis inhibitor, leading to a reduced overall utilization of amino acids, or to a translation initiation activator of specific mRNAs, such as the transcriptional activator ATF4, and hence allowing ATF4-mediated reprogramming of amino acid biosynthetic gene expression to alleviate nutrient depletion. Serves as a critical effector of unfolded protein response (UPR)- induced G1 growth arrest due to the loss of cyclin-D1 (CCND1). Involved in control of mitochondrial morphology and function.