

### **HSPB1** Antibody (S82)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7199d

## **Specification**

### **HSPB1** Antibody (S82) - Product Information

IHC-P, WB,E Application **Primary Accession** P04792 Reactivity Human **Rabbit** Host Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 22783 Antigen Region 60-89

## **HSPB1** Antibody (S82) - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 3315**

## **Other Names**

Heat shock protein beta-1, HspB1, 28 kDa heat shock protein, Estrogen-regulated 24 kDa protein, Heat shock 27 kDa protein, HSP 27, Stress-responsive protein 27, SRP27, HSPB1, HSP27, HSP28

### Target/Specificity

This HSPB1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 60-89 amino acids from human HSPB1.

### **Dilution**

IHC-P~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

HSPB1 Antibody (S82) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **HSPB1** Antibody (S82) - Protein Information

#### Name HSPB1



## Synonyms HSP27, HSP28

**Function** Small heat shock protein which functions as a molecular chaperone probably maintaining denatured proteins in a folding- competent state (PubMed:10383393, PubMed:20178975). Plays a role in stress resistance and actin organization (PubMed:19166925). Through its molecular chaperone activity may regulate numerous biological processes including the phosphorylation and the axonal transport of neurofilament proteins (PubMed:23728742).

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle Note=Cytoplasmic in interphase cells. Colocalizes with mitotic spindles in mitotic cells. Translocates to the nucleus during heat shock and resides in sub-nuclear structures known as SC35 speckles or nuclear splicing speckles.

#### **Tissue Location**

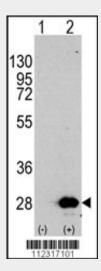
Detected in all tissues tested: skeletal muscle, heart, aorta, large intestine, small intestine, stomach, esophagus, bladder, adrenal gland, thyroid, pancreas, testis, adipose tissue, kidney, liver, spleen, cerebral cortex, blood serum and cerebrospinal fluid. Highest levels are found in the heart and in tissues composed of striated and smooth muscle.

### **HSPB1** Antibody (S82) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

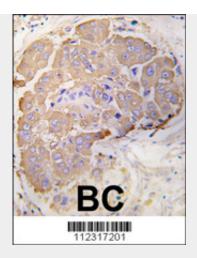
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **HSPB1** Antibody (S82) - Images



Western blot analysis of HSPB1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal HSPB1 Antibody (S82) (RB12317). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the HSPB1 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue reacted with HSPB1 Antibody (S82) (Cat.#AP7199d), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

# HSPB1 Antibody (S82) - Background

In response to adverse changes in their environment, cells from many organisms increase the expression of a class of proteins referred to as heat shock or stress proteins. HSBP1 exhibits rapid increased phosphorylation in response to various mitogens, tumor promoters (e.g. phorbol esters) and calcium ionophores, and high levels are associated with carcinoma of the breast and with endometrial adenocarcinomas. Heat shock of HeLa cell cultures, or treatment with arsenite, phorbol ester, or tumor necrosis factor, causes a rapid phosphorylation of preexisting HSBP1, with Ser82 as the major site and Ser78 the minor site of phosphorylation. HSBP1 may exert phosphorylation-activated functions linked with growth signaling pathways in unstressed cells. A homeostatic function at this level could protect cells from adverse effects of signal transduction systems which may be activated inappropriately during stress.

# **HSPB1 Antibody (S82) - References**

Wano, C., et al., Exp. Cell Res. 298(2):584-592 (2004). Evgrafov, O.V., et al., Nat. Genet. 36(6):602-606 (2004). Song, H., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 314(1):143-150 (2004). Chauhan, D., et al., Blood 102(9):3379-3386 (2003). Van Why, S.K., et al., J. Am. Soc. Nephrol. 14(1):98-106 (2003).