

**Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody** 

Catalog # AP72122

### Specification

# **Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality WB <u>O14966</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

### **Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 8934

Other Names RAB7L1; Ras-related protein Rab-7L1; Rab-7-like protein 1

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions** -20°C

# **Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name RAB29

Synonyms RAB7L1

#### Function

The small GTPases Rab are key regulators in vesicle trafficking (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24788816" target="\_blank">24788816</a>). Essential for maintaining the integrity of the endosome-trans-Golgi network structure (By similarity). Together with LRRK2, plays a role in the retrograde trafficking pathway for recycling proteins, such as mannose 6 phosphate receptor (M6PR), between lysosomes and the Golgi apparatus in a retromer-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24788816" target="\_blank">24788816</a>). Recruits LRRK2 to the Golgi complex and stimulates LRRK2 kinase activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29212815" target="\_blank">29212815</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38127736" target="\_blank">38127736</a>). Stimulates phosphorylation of RAB10 'Thr-73' by LRRK2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38127736" target="\_blank">38127736</a>). Stimulates phosphorylation of RAB10 'Thr-73' by LRRK2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38127736" target="\_blank">38127736</a>). Regulates neuronal process morphology in the intact central nervous system (CNS) (By similarity). May play a role in the formation of typhoid toxin transport intermediates during Salmonella enterica serovar Typhi (S.typhi) epithelial cell infection (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22042847" target="\_blank">22042847</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Golgi apparatus. Golgi apparatus membrane. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network. Vacuole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Note=Colocalizes with LRRK2 along tubular structures emerging from Golgi apparatus (PubMed:29212815) Colocalizes with GM130 at the Golgi apparatus (PubMed:22042847) Colocalizes with dynamic tubules emerging from and retracting to the Golgi apparatus (PubMed:22042847, PubMed:38127736). Colocalizes with TGN46 at the trans-Golgi network (TGN) (PubMed:24788816). In Salmonella enterica serovar Typhi (S.typhi) infected epithelial cells, is recruited and colocalized with both S.typhi-containing vacuoles and dynamic tubules as well as those emerging from the vacuole toward the cell periphery (PubMed:22042847).

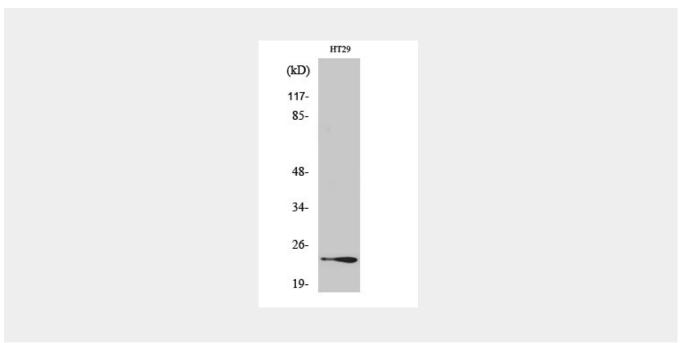
Tissue Location Ubiquitous..

# **Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

#### Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



#### Rab 7L1 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Rab GTPase key regulator in vesicle trafficking. Essential for maintaining the integrity of the endosome-trans- Golgi network structure. Together with LRRK2, plays a role in the retrograde



trafficking pathway for recycling proteins, such as mannose 6 phosphate receptor (M6PR), between lysosomes and the Golgi apparatus in a retromer-dependent manner. Regulates neuronal process morphology in the intact central nervous system (CNS). May play a role in the formation of typhoid toxin transport intermediates during Salmonella enterica serovar Typhi (S.Typhi) epithelial cell infection.