

# Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP72299

### Specification

## **Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality IHC-P <u>P62987</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

### **Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 7311

**Other Names** UBA52; UBCEP2; Ubiquitin-60S ribosomal protein L40; CEP52; Ubiquitin A-52 residue ribosomal protein fusion product 1

Dilution IHC-P~~N/A

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions** -20°C

## **Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name UBA52

#### Synonyms UBCEP2

#### Function

[Ubiquitin]: Exists either covalently attached to another protein, or free (unanchored). When covalently bound, it is conjugated to target proteins via an isopeptide bond either as a monomer (monoubiquitin), a polymer linked via different Lys residues of the ubiquitin (polyubiquitin chains) or a linear polymer linked via the initiator Met of the ubiquitin (linear polyubiquitin chains). Polyubiquitin chains, when attached to a target protein, have different functions depending on the Lys residue of the ubiquitin that is linked: Lys-6-linked may be involved in DNA repair; Lys-11-linked is involved in ERAD (endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation) and in cell-cycle regulation; Lys-29-linked is involved in proteotoxic stress response and cell cycle; Lys-33-linked is involved in kinase modification; Lys-48-linked is involved in protein degradation via the proteasome; Lys-63-linked is involved in endocytosis, DNA-damage responses as well as in signaling processes leading to activation of the transcription factor NF-kappa-B. Linear polymer chains formed via attachment by the initiator Met lead to cell signaling. Ubiquitin is usually conjugated to Lys residues of target proteins, however, in rare cases, conjugation to Cys or Ser



residues has been observed. When polyubiquitin is free (unanchored-polyubiquitin), it also has distinct roles, such as in activation of protein kinases, and in signaling.

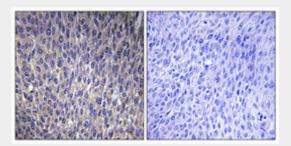
Cellular Location [Ubiquitin]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus

### Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# **Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**



### **Ribosomal Protein L40 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

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