

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP7237a

Specification

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	O9NYA1
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	1-30

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8877

Other Names

Sphingosine kinase 1, SK 1, SPK 1, SPHK1, SPHK, SPK

Target/Specificity

This SPHK1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SPHK1.

Dilution

WB~~1:500

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name SPHK1 ([HGNC:11240](#))

Function Catalyzes the phosphorylation of sphingosine to form sphingosine 1-phosphate (SPP), a lipid mediator with both intra- and extracellular functions. Also acts on D-erythro-sphingosine and to a lesser extent sphinganine, but not other lipids, such as D,L-threo- dihydrosphingosine,

N,N-dimethylsphingosine, diacylglycerol, ceramide, or phosphatidylinositol (PubMed:[11923095](#), PubMed:[20577214](#), PubMed:[23602659](#), PubMed:[24929359](#), PubMed:[29662056](#)). In contrast to proapoptotic SPHK2, has a negative effect on intracellular ceramide levels, enhances cell growth and inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:[16118219](#)). Involved in the regulation of inflammatory response and neuroinflammation. Via the product sphingosine 1-phosphate, stimulates TRAF2 E3 ubiquitin ligase activity, and promotes activation of NF- kappa-B in response to TNF signaling leading to IL17 secretion (PubMed:[20577214](#)). In response to TNF and in parallel to NF-kappa-B activation, negatively regulates RANTES induction through p38 MAPK signaling pathway (PubMed:[23935096](#)). Involved in endocytic membrane trafficking induced by sphingosine, recruited to dilate endosomes, also plays a role on later stages of endosomal maturation and membrane fusion independently of its kinase activity (PubMed:[24929359](#), PubMed:[28049734](#)). In Purkinje cells, seems to be also involved in the regulation of autophagosome-lysosome fusion upon VEGFA (PubMed:[25417698](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane. Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Membrane, clathrin-coated pit. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CI15} Note=Translocated from the cytoplasm to the plasma membrane in a CIB1- dependent manner (PubMed:19854831). Binds to membranes containing negatively charged lipids but not neutral lipids (PubMed:24929359) Recruited to endocytic membranes by sphingosine where promotes membrane fusion (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CI15, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19854831, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24929359}

Tissue Location

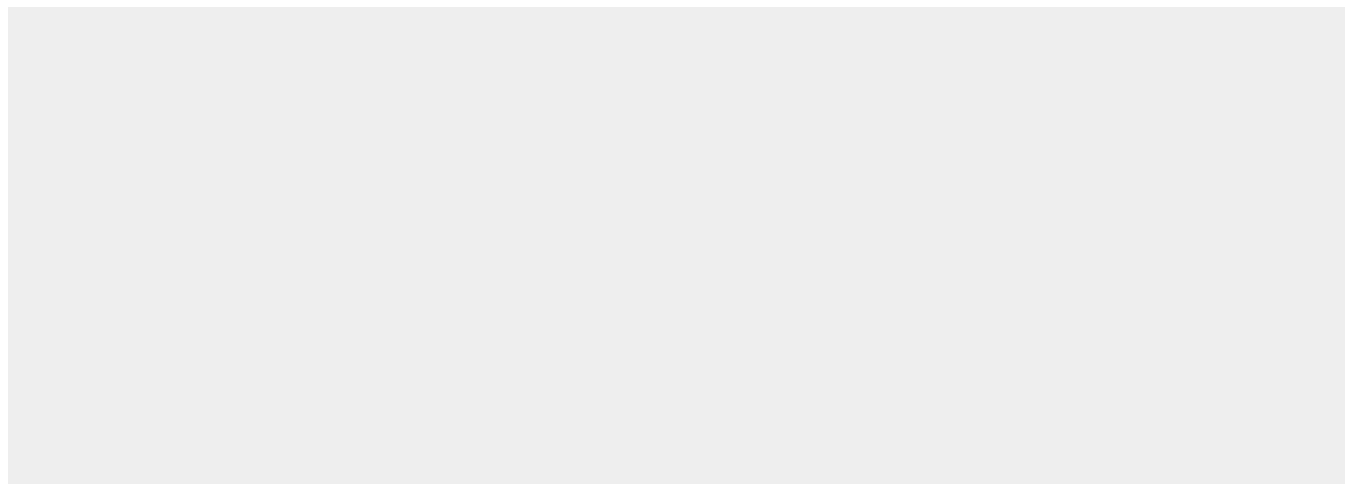
Widely expressed with highest levels in adult liver, kidney, heart and skeletal muscle. Expressed in brain cortex (at protein level) (PubMed:29662056).

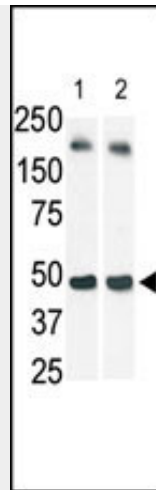
SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

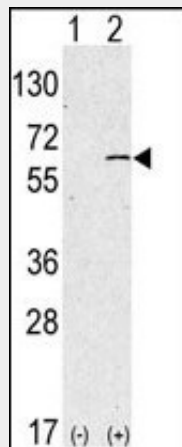
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Images

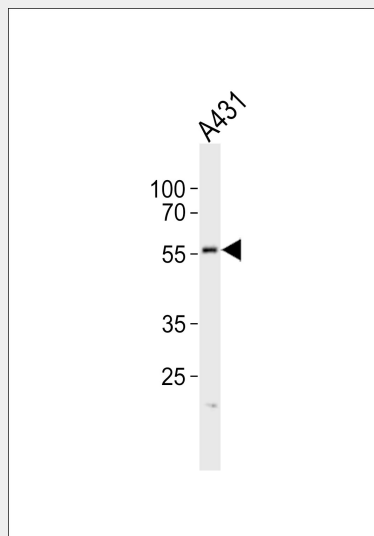




The anti-SphK1 Pab (Cat. #AP7237a) is used in Western blot (Lane 2) to detect c-myc-tagged SphK1 in transfected 293 cell lysate (a c-myc antibody is used as control in Lane 1). Data is kindly provided by Dr. J. Van Brocklyn from the Ohio State University (Columbus, OH).

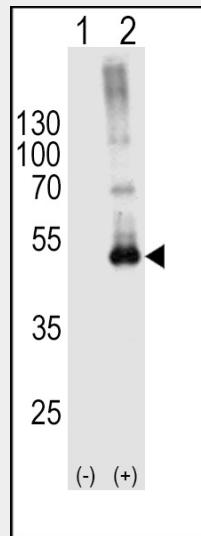


Western blot analysis of anti-hSPHK1-M1 Pab (Cat. #AP7237a) in 293 cell line lysates transiently transfected with the SPHK1 gene (2ug/lane). hSPHK1-M1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of lysate from A431 cell line, using SPHK1 Antibody (M1)(Cat. #AP7237a).

AP7237a was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 20ug.



Western blot analysis of SPHK1-M1 Antibody (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal SPHK1-M1 Antibody (Cat. #AP7237a). 293T cell lysates either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the SPHK1-M1 gene. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Sphingosine Kinase (SphK) catalyzes the phosphorylation of the lipid sphingosine, creating the bioactive lipid sphingosine-1-phosphate (S1P). S1P subsequently signals through cell surface G protein-coupled receptors, as well as intracellularly, to modulate cell proliferation, survival, motility and differentiation. SphK is an important signaling enzyme which is activated by diverse agents, including growth factors that signal through receptor tyrosine kinases, agents activating G protein-coupled receptors, and immunoglobulin receptors. Two SphK isotypes, SphK-1 and SphK-2, have been cloned, and both isotypes are ubiquitously expressed. SphK-1 has been shown to mediate cell growth, prevention of apoptosis, and cellular transformation, and is upregulated in a variety of human tumors. In contrast, SphK-2 increases apoptosis, and may be responsible for phosphorylating and activating the immunosuppressive drug FTY720.

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - References

- Ota, T., et al., Nat. Genet. 36(1):40-45 (2004).
Nava, V.E., et al., FEBS Lett. 473(1):81-84 (2000).
Melendez, A.J., et al., Gene 251(1):19-26 (2000).
Pitson, S.M., et al., Biochem. J. 350 Pt 2, 429-441 (2000).

SPHK1 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- [FHL-2 suppresses VEGF-induced phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase/Akt activation via interaction with sphingosine kinase-1.](#)
- [Sphingosine-1-phosphate and sphingosine kinase are critical for transforming growth factor-beta-stimulated collagen production by cardiac fibroblasts.](#)