

Rictor Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7259a

Specification

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P,E **Primary Accession** Q6R327 Other Accession **Q6Q106** Reactivity Human Predicted Mouse Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Antigen Region 252-281

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 253260

Other Names

Rapamycin-insensitive companion of mTOR, AVO3 homolog, hAVO3, RICTOR {ECO:0000312|EMBL:EAW559801}

Target/Specificity

This Rictor antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 252-281 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human Rictor.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Rictor Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name RICTOR (HGNC:28611)





Function Subunit of mTORC2, which regulates cell growth and survival in response to hormonal signals, mTORC2 is activated by growth factors, but, in contrast to mTORC1, seems to be

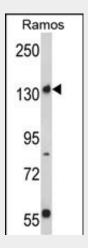
signals. mTORC2 is activated by growth factors, but, in contrast to mTORC1, seems to be nutrient-insensitive. mTORC2 seems to function upstream of Rho GTPases to regulate the actin cytoskeleton, probably by activating one or more Rho-type guanine nucleotide exchange factors. mTORC2 promotes the serum-induced formation of stress-fibers or F-actin. mTORC2 plays a critical role in AKT1 'Ser-473' phosphorylation, which may facilitate the phosphorylation of the activation loop of AKT1 on 'Thr-308' by PDK1 which is a prerequisite for full activation. mTORC2 regulates the phosphorylation of SGK1 at 'Ser-422'. mTORC2 also modulates the phosphorylation of PRKCA on 'Ser-657'. Plays an essential role in embryonic growth and development.

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

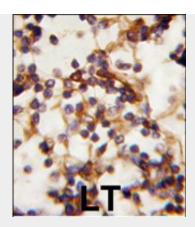
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of Rictor Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP7259a) in Ramos cell line lysates (35ug/lane). RICTOR (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human Lymph tissue reacted with Rictor antibody (N-term)(Cat.#AP7259a), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Background

RICTOR and MTOR (FRAP1) are components of a protein complex that integrates nutrient- and growth factor-derived signals to regulate cell growth.

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - References

Pearce, L.R., Biochem. J. 405 (3), 513-522 (2007) Yang, Q., Genes Dev. 20 (20), 2820-2832 (2006) Jacinto, E., Cell 127 (1), 125-137 (2006)

Rictor Antibody (N-term) - Citations

• <u>Select nutrients in the ovine uterine lumen. VI. Expression of FK506-binding protein 12-rapamycin complex-associated protein 1 (FRAP1) and regulators and effectors of mTORC1 and mTORC2 complexes in ovine uteri and conceptuses.</u>