

TGFβ RIII Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP72813

Specification

TGFβ RIII Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality IHC <u>003167</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

TGF_β RIII Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7049

Other Names

TGFBR3; Transforming growth factor beta receptor type 3; TGF-beta receptor type 3; TGFR-3; Betaglycan; Transforming growth factor beta receptor III; TGF-beta receptor type III

Dilution

IHC~~Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

TGFβ RIII Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name TGFBR3 (<u>HGNC:11774</u>)

Function

Cell surface receptor that regulates diverse cellular processes including cell proliferation, differentiation, migration, and apoptosis (PubMed:12958365, PubMed:19416857). Initiates BMP, inhibin, and TGF-beta signaling pathways by interacting with different ligands including TGFB1, BMP2, BMP5, BMP7 or GDF5 (PubMed:18184661). Alternatively, acts as a cell surface coreceptor for BMP ligands, serving to enhance ligand binding by differentially regulating BMPR1A/ALK3 and BMPR1B/ALK6 receptor trafficking (PubMed:19726563). Promotes epithelial cell adhesion, focal adhesion formation and integrin signaling during epithelial cell spreading on fibronectin (PubMed:22562249). By interacting with the scaffolding protein beta-arrestin2/ARRB2, regulates migration or actin cytoskeleton and promotes the activation of CDC42 as well as the inhibition of NF-kappa-B (PubMed:<a



href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19416857" target="_blank">19416857, PubMed:19325136). In gonadotrope cells, acts as an inhibin A coreceptor and regulates follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) levels and female fertility (By similarity). Plays a role in the inhibition of directed and random cell migration in epithelial cells by altering the actin cytoskeletal organization (PubMed:19416857). Participates in epithelial cells by altering the actin cytoskeletal organization (PubMed:19416857). Participates in epithelial-mesenchymal transformation (EMT) upon binding to BMP2 or TGFB2, by activating the PAR6/SMURF1/RHOA pathway (By similarity).

Cellular Location

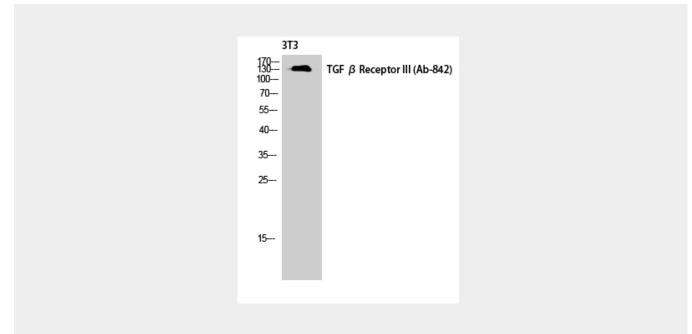
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26342}. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26342}. Note=Exists both as a membrane-bound form and as soluble form in serum and in the extracellular matrix. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26342}

TGFβ RIII Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

TGFβ RIII Polyclonal Antibody - Images



TGFβ RIII Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Binds to TGF-beta. Could be involved in capturing and retaining TGF-beta for presentation to the signaling receptors.