

TRAAK Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP72897**Specification****TRAAK Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9NYG8
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

TRAAK Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 50801**Other Names**

KCNK4; TRAAK; Potassium channel subfamily K member 4; TWIK-related arachidonic acid-stimulated potassium channel protein; TRAAK; Two pore potassium channel KT4.1; Two pore K(+) channel KT4.1

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

TRAAK Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** KCNK4**Synonyms** TRAAK**Function**

Voltage-insensitive potassium channel (PubMed:22282805). Channel opening is triggered by mechanical forces that deform the membrane (PubMed:22282805, PubMed:25471887, PubMed:25500157, PubMed:30290154). Channel opening is triggered by raising the intracellular pH to basic levels (By similarity). The channel is inactive at 24 degrees Celsius (in vitro); raising the temperature to 37 degrees Celsius increases the frequency of channel opening, with a further increase in channel activity when the temperature is raised to 42 degrees Celsius (By similarity). Plays a role in the perception of pain caused by heat (By similarity). Plays a role in the sensory perception of pain caused by pressure

(By similarity).

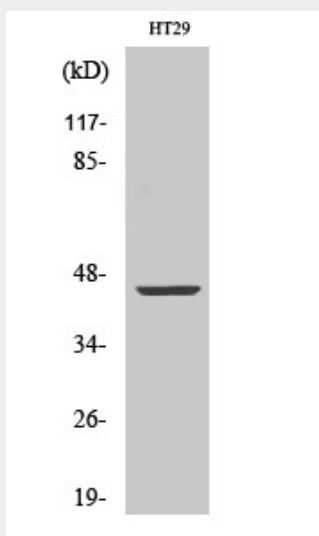
Cellular Location

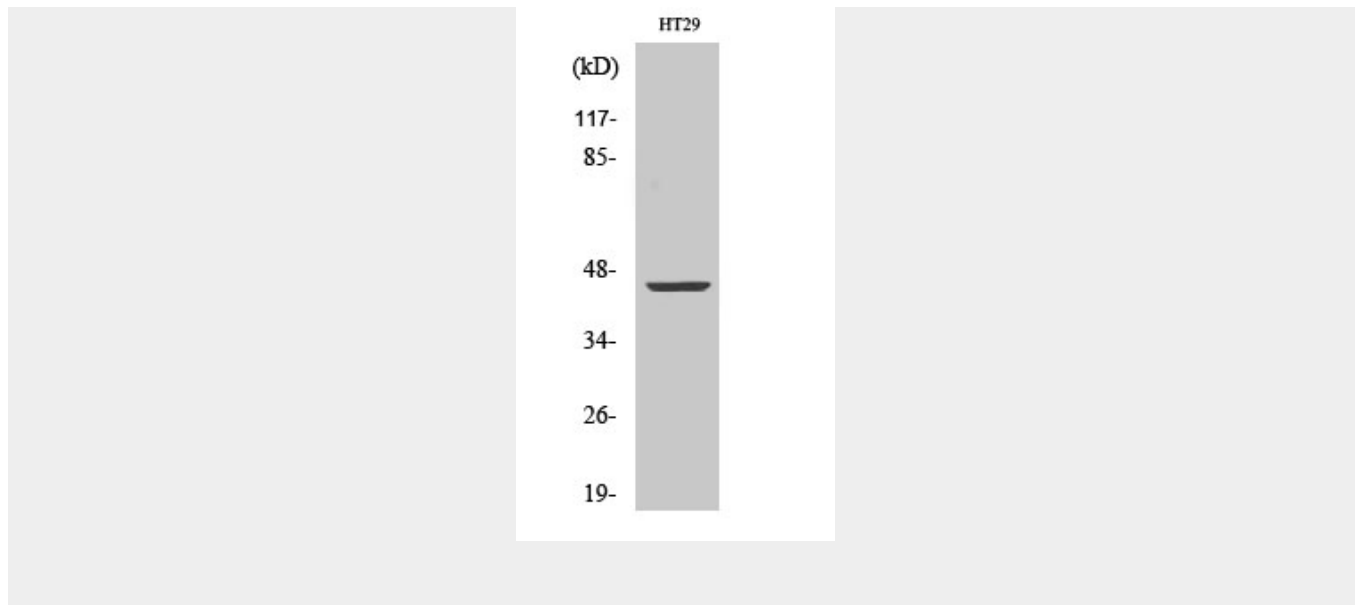
Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

TRAAK Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

TRAAK Polyclonal Antibody - Images



TRAACK Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Voltage-insensitive potassium channel (PubMed:22282805). Channel opening is triggered by mechanical forces that deform the membrane (PubMed:22282805, PubMed:25471887, PubMed:25500157). Channel opening is triggered by raising the intracellular pH to basic levels (By similarity). The channel is inactive at 24 degrees Celsius (in vitro); raising the temperature to 37 degrees Celsius increases the frequency of channel opening, with a further increase in channel activity when the temperature is raised to 42 degrees Celsius (By similarity). Plays a role in the perception of pain caused by heat (By similarity). Plays a role in the sensory perception of pain caused by pressure (By similarity).