

### **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # AP72980** 

### **Specification**

### **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession P41226
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

## **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 7318**

### **Other Names**

UBA7; UBE1L; UBE2; Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 7; Ubiquitin-activating enzyme 7; D8; Ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1 homolog

#### **Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~ $\sim$ N/A

### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

# **Storage Conditions**

-20°C

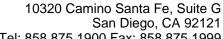
### **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name UBA7 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:28397838, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:12471}

### **Function**

E1-activating enzyme that catalyzes the covalent conjugation of the ubiquitin-like protein product of ISG15 to additional interferon stimulated proteins (ISGs) as well as other cellular proteins such as P53 in a process termed protein ISGylation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27545325" target="\_blank">27545325</a>). Plays an essential role in antiviral immunity together with ISG15 by restricting the replication of many viruses including rabies virus, influenza virus, sindbis virus, rotavirus or human cytomegalovirus (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16254333" target="\_blank">16254333</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19073728" target="\_blank">19073728</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29056542" target="\_blank">29056542</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29743376" target="\_blank">29743376</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37722521" target="\_blank">37722521</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37722521" target="\_bl





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href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20133869" target="\_blank">20133869</a>). ISGylation of human cytomegalovirs protein UL26 regulates its stability and inhibits its activities to suppress NF-kappa-B signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27564865" target="\_blank">27564865</a>).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Nucleus

### **Tissue Location**

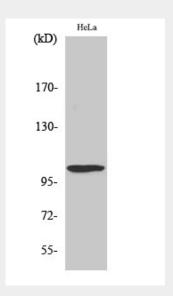
Expressed in a variety of normal and tumor cell types, but is reduced in lung cancer cell lines

## **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody - Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1□2000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000





Western Blot analysis of various cells using UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody diluted at  $1\square 2000$ . Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

# **UBE1L Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Activates ubiquitin by first adenylating with ATP its C- terminal glycine residue and thereafter linking this residue to the side chain of a cysteine residue in E1, yielding a ubiquitin- E1 thioester and free AMP. Catalyzes the ISGylation of influenza A virus NS1 protein.