

Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73319

Specification

Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P56750
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 26285

Other Names CLDN17; Claudin-17

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CLDN17

Function

Channel-forming tight junction protein with selectivity for anions, including chloride and hydrogencarbonate, and for solutes smaller than 9 Angstrom in diameter. In the kidney proximal tubule, may be involved in paracellular reabsorption of filtered anions. Does not affect water permeability.

Cellular Location

Cell junction, tight junction. Basolateral cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Tissue Location

In the kidney, expressed in the proximal tubule and in the Henle's loop. In the distal convoluted tubule, not expressed in all tubules. Not detected in the collecting duct (at protein level)

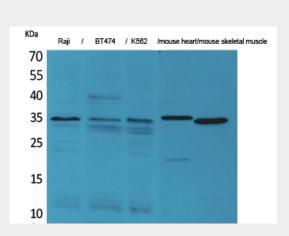
Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols



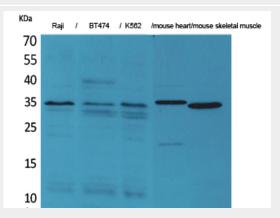
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Western Blot analysis of Raji, BT474, K562, mouse heart, mouse skeletal muscle cells using Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Western Blot analysis of Raji, BT474, K562, mouse heart, mouse skeletal muscle cells using Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Claudin-17 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Channel-forming tight junction protein with selectivity for anions, including chloride and bicarbonate, and for solutes smaller than 9 Angstrom in diameter. In the kidney proximal tubule, may be involved in quantitative reabsorption of filtered anions. Does not affect water permeability.