

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73341

Specification

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q9HCU9

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 25855

Other Names

BRMS1; Breast cancer metastasis-suppressor 1

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name BRMS1

Function

Transcriptional repressor. Down-regulates transcription activation by NF-kappa-B by promoting the deacetylation of RELA at 'Lys-310'. Promotes HDAC1 binding to promoter regions. Down-regulates expression of anti-apoptotic genes that are controlled by NF-kappa-B. Promotes apoptosis in cells that have inadequate adherence to a substrate, a process called anoikis, and may thereby inhibit metastasis. May be a mediator of metastasis suppression in breast carcinoma.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Predominantly nuclear.

Tissue Location

Expression levels are higher in term placentas than in early placentas. Low levels of expression observed in normal pregnancies and in molar pregnancies.

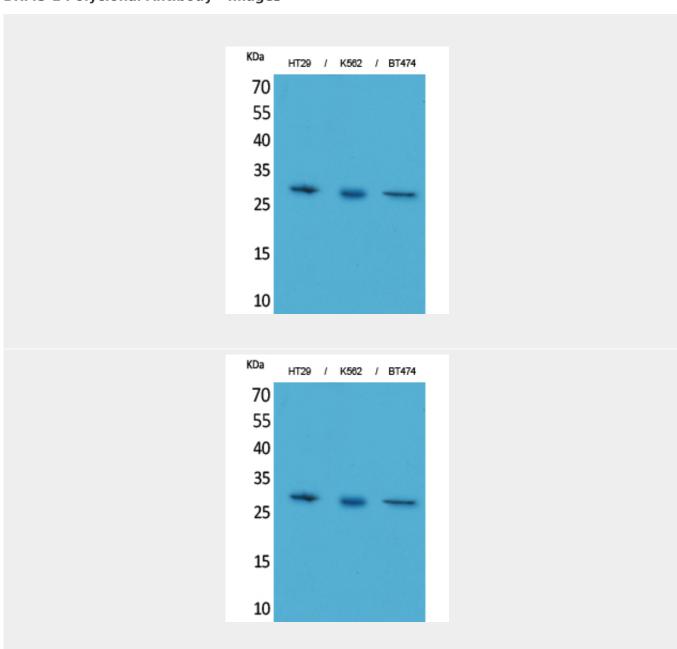
BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols



Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



BRMS-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Transcriptional repressor. Down-regulates transcription activation by NF-kappa-B by promoting the deacetylation of RELA at 'Lys-310'. Promotes HDAC1 binding to promoter regions. Down- regulates expression of anti-apoptotic genes that are controlled by NF-kappa-B. Promotes apoptosis in cells





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