

## **Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # AP73357** 

### **Specification**

# **AngptI4 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P Primary Accession Q9BY76

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal

## **Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 51129

### **Other Names**

ANGPTL4; ARP4; HFARP; PGAR; PP1158; PSEC0166; Angiopoietin-related protein 4; Angiopoietin-like protein 4; Hepatic fibrinogen/angiopoietin-related protein; HFARP

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A

#### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### **Storage Conditions**

-20°C

### **Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

#### Name ANGPTL4

Synonyms ARP4, HFARP, PGAR {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10

### **Function**

Mediates inactivation of the lipoprotein lipase LPL, and thereby plays a role in the regulation of triglyceride clearance from the blood serum and in lipid metabolism (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19270337" target="\_blank">19270337</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21398697" target="\_blank">21398697</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27929370" target="\_blank">27929370</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29899144" target="\_blank">29899144</a>). May also play a role in regulating glucose homeostasis and insulin sensitivity (Probable). Inhibits proliferation, migration, and tubule formation of endothelial cells and reduces vascular leakage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14583458" target="\_blank">14583458</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17068295" target="\_blank">17068295</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17068295" target="\_blank">17



and focal adhesions in endothelial cells that have adhered to ANGPTL4-containing ECM (in vitro) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17068295" target="\_blank">17068295</a>). Depending on context, may modulate tumor-related angiogenesis (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Note=The unprocessed form interacts with the extracellular matrix (PubMed:17068295, PubMed:21398697). This may constitute a dynamic reservoir, a regulatory mechanism of the bioavailability of ANGPTL4 (Probable).

### **Tissue Location**

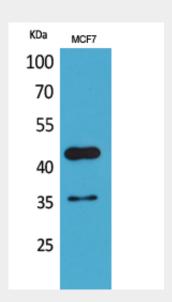
Detected in blood plasma (at protein level) (PubMed:29899519). Detected in liver (PubMed:10698685). Detected in white fat tissue and placenta (PubMed:10866690). Expressed at high levels in the placenta, heart, liver, muscle, pancreas and lung but expressed poorly in the brain and kidney.

## **Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

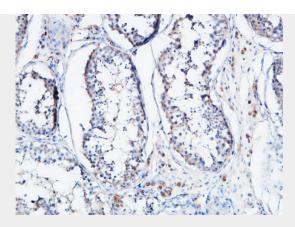
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**

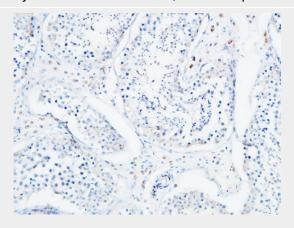


Western Blot analysis of MCF7 cells using Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

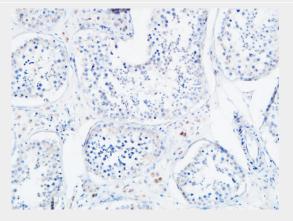




Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human testis. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°,overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



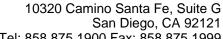
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## **Angptl4 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Protein with hypoxia-induced expression in endothelial cells. May act as a regulator of angiogenesis and modulate tumorigenesis. Inhibits proliferation, migration, and tubule formation of endothelial cells and reduces vascular leakage. May exert a protective function on endothelial cells through an endocrine action. It is directly involved in regulating glucose homeostasis, lipid





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metabolism, and insulin sensitivity. In response to hypoxia, the unprocessed form of the protein accumulates in the subendothelial extracellular matrix (ECM). The matrix-associated and immobilized unprocessed form limits the formation of actin stress fibers and focal contacts in the adhering endothelial cells and inhibits their adhesion. It also decreases motility of endothelial cells and inhibits the sprouting and tube formation (By similarity).