

**CD229 Polyclonal Antibody** 

Catalog # AP73454

# Specification

# **CD229 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	
Primary Accession	
Reactivity	
Host	
Clonality	

WB, IHC-P <u>09HBG7</u> Human Rabbit Polyclonal

### **CD229 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 4063

**Other Names** LY9; CDABP0070; T-lymphocyte surface antigen Ly-9; Cell surface molecule Ly-9; Lymphocyte antigen 9; CD229

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

### **CD229 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name LY9

#### Function

Self-ligand receptor of the signaling lymphocytic activation molecule (SLAM) family. SLAM receptors triggered by homo- or heterotypic cell-cell interactions are modulating the activation and differentiation of a wide variety of immune cells and thus are involved in the regulation and interconnection of both innate and adaptive immune response. Activities are controlled by presence or absence of small cytoplasmic adapter proteins, SH2D1A/SAP and/or SH2D1B/EAT-2. May participate in adhesion reactions between T lymphocytes and accessory cells by homophilic interaction. Promotes T-cell differentiation into a helper T-cell Th17 phenotype leading to increased IL-17 secretion; the costimulatory activity requires SH2D1A (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22184727" target="\_blank">22184727</a>). Promotes recruitment of RORC to the IL-17 promoter (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22989874" target="\_blank">22989874</a>). May be involved in the maintenance of peripheral cell tolerance by serving as a negative regulator of the immune response. May disable autoantibody responses and inhibit IFN-gamma secretion by



CD4(+) T-cells. May negatively regulate the size of thymic innate CD8(+) T-cells and the development of invariant natural killer T (iNKT) cells (By similarity).

# **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell membrane

**Tissue Location** 

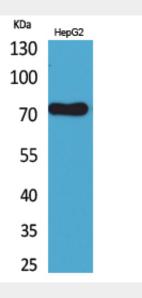
Increased surface expression on T-cells of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) patients.

# **CD229 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# **CD229 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**





# **CD229 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

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interaction. Promotes T-cell differentiation into a helper T-cell Th17 phenotype leading to increased IL-17 secretion; the costimulatory activity requires SH2D1A (PubMed:22184727). Promotes recruitment of RORC to the IL-17 promoter (PubMed:22989874). May be involved in the maintenance of peripheral cell tolerance by serving as a negative regulator of the immune response. May disable autoantibody responses and inhibit IFN-gamma secretion by CD4(+) T-cells. May negatively regulate the size of thymic innate CD8(+) T-cells and the development of invariant natural killer T (iNKT) cells (By similarity).