

### **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP73464

#### **Specification**

## **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

### **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 27036** 

#### **Other Names**

SIGLEC7; AIRM1; Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 7; Siglec-7; Adhesion inhibitory receptor molecule 1; AIRM-1; CDw328; D-siglec; QA79 membrane protein; p75; CD328

#### Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~ $\sim$ N/A

#### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

### **Storage Conditions**

-20°C

## **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name SIGLEC7

Synonyms AIRM1

#### **Function**

Putative adhesion molecule that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,3- and alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. Also binds disialogangliosides (disialogalactosyl globoside, disialyl lactotetraosylceramide and disialyl GalNAc lactotetraosylceramide). The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Mediates inhibition of natural killer cells cytotoxicity. May play a role in hemopoiesis. Inhibits differentiation of CD34+cell precursors towards myelomonocytic cell lineage and proliferation of leukemic myeloid cells (in vitro).



## **Cellular Location**

Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

#### **Tissue Location**

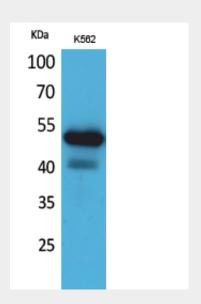
Predominantly expressed by resting and activated natural killer cells and at lower levels by granulocytes and monocytes High expression found in placenta, liver, lung, spleen, and peripheral blood leukocytes

# **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

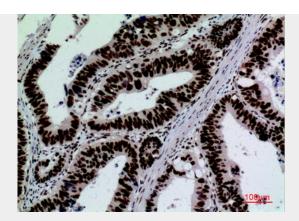
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**

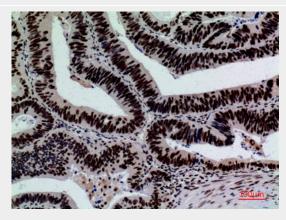


Western Blot analysis of K562 cells using CD328 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

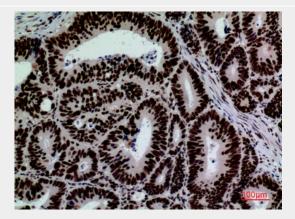




Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-colon-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-colon-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-colon-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:100

# **CD328 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Putative adhesion molecule that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,3- and alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. Also binds disialogangliosides (disialogalactosyl globoside, disialyl lactotetraosylceramide and disialyl GalNAc lactotetraosylceramide). The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Mediates inhibition of natural killer





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