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Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP73889

Specification

Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	**WB**
Primary Accession	P04004
Reactivity	**Human**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**

Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7448

Other Names
VTN; Vitronectin; VN; S-protein; Serum-spreading factor; V75

Dilution
WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format
Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions
-20℃

Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name VTN

Function
Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway.

Cellular Location
Secreted, extracellular space

Tissue Location
Expressed in the retina pigment epithelium (at protein level) (PubMed:25136834). Expressed in plasma (at protein level) (PubMed:2448300). Expressed in serum (at protein level) (PubMed:29567995).

Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

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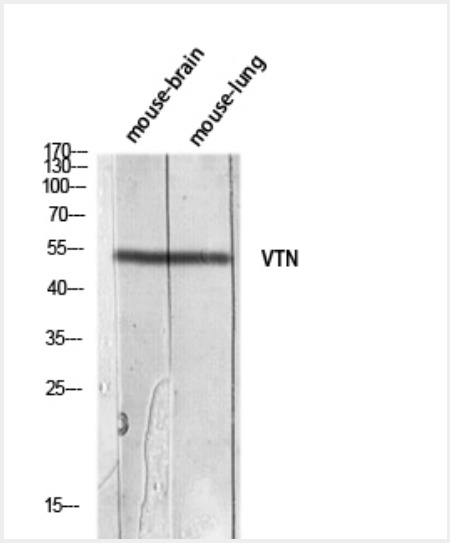
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Vitronectin Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway.