

I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74057

Specification

I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality WB, IHC-P <u>P12104</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal

I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2169

Other Names Fatty acid-binding protein, intestinal (Fatty acid-binding protein 2) (Intestinal-type fatty acid-binding protein) (I-FABP)

Dilution WB~~WB 1:500-2000,IHC-p 1:500-200, ELISA 1:10000-20000 IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name FABP2

Synonyms FABPI

Function

FABPs are thought to play a role in the intracellular transport of long-chain fatty acids and their acyl-CoA esters. FABP2 is probably involved in triglyceride-rich lipoprotein synthesis. Binds saturated long-chain fatty acids with a high affinity, but binds with a lower affinity to unsaturated long-chain fatty acids. FABP2 may also help maintain energy homeostasis by functioning as a lipid sensor.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location

Expressed in the small intestine and at much lower levels in the large intestine. Highest expression levels in the jejunum.

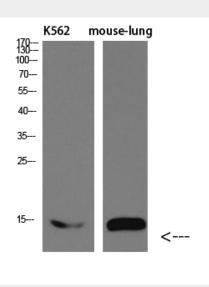


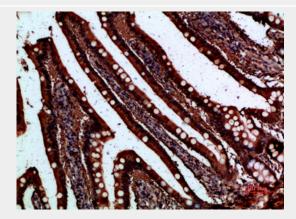
I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

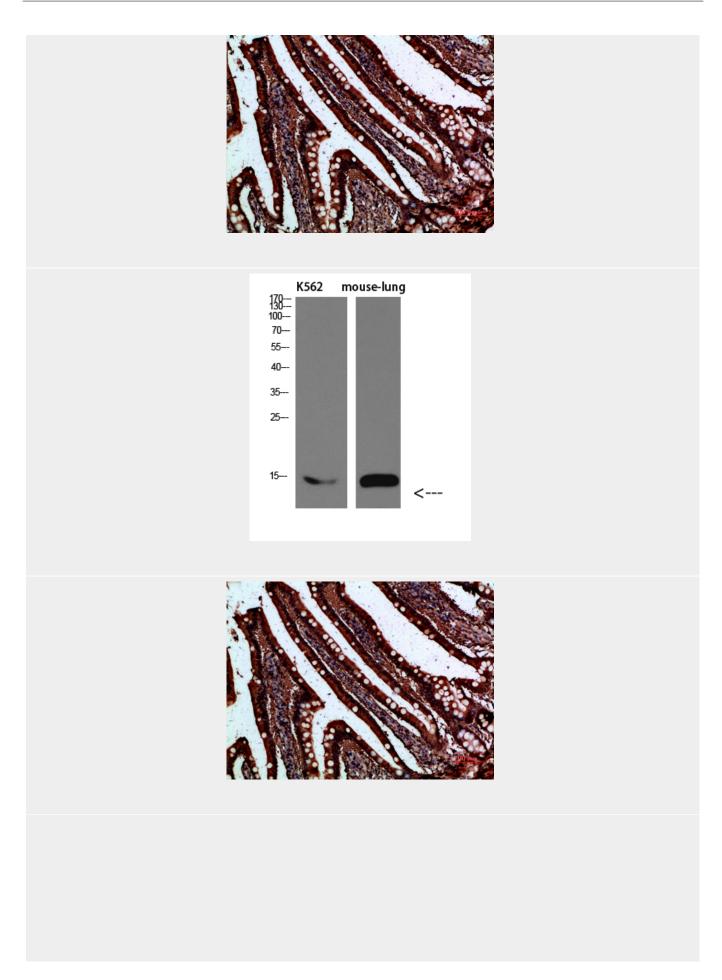
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

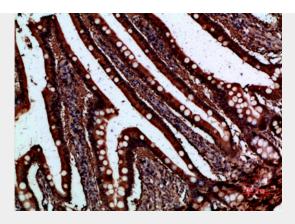
I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody - Images











I-FABP Polyclonal Antibody - Background

FABP are thought to play a role in the intracellular transport of long-chain fatty acids and their acyl-CoA esters. FABP2 is probably involved in triglyceride-rich lipoprotein synthesis. Binds saturated long-chain fatty acids with a high affinity, but binds with a lower affinity to unsaturated long- chain fatty acids. FABP2 may also help maintain energy homeostasis by functioning as a lipid sensor.