

## **CD11b Polyclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # AP74106** 

#### **Specification**

## **CD11b Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application IHC-P
Primary Accession P11215
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

## **CD11b Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 3684** 

#### **Other Names**

Integrin alpha-M (CD11 antigen-like family member B) (CR-3 alpha chain) (Cell surface glycoprotein MAC-1 subunit alpha) (Leukocyte adhesion receptor MO1) (Neutrophil adherence receptor) (CD antigen CD11b)

**Dilution** IHC-P~~N/A

#### **Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

# Storage Conditions -20°C

CD111 D-

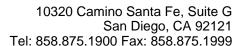
#### **CD11b Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name ITGAM** 

Synonyms CD11B, CR3A

#### **Function**

Integrin ITGAM/ITGB2 is implicated in various adhesive interactions of monocytes, macrophages and granulocytes as well as in mediating the uptake of complement-coated particles and pathogens (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20008295" target="\_blank">20008295</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9558116" target="\_blank">9558116</a>). It is identical with CR-3, the receptor for the iC3b fragment of the third complement component. It probably recognizes the R-G-D peptide in C3b. Integrin ITGAM/ITGB2 is also a receptor for fibrinogen, factor X and ICAM1. It recognizes P1 and P2 peptides of fibrinogen gamma chain. Regulates neutrophil migration (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28807980" target="\_blank">28807980</a>). In association with beta subunit ITGB2/CD18, required for CD177-PRTN3-mediated activation of TNF primed neutrophils (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21193407" target="blank">21193407</a>). May regulate phagocytosis-induced apoptosis in extravasated





neutrophils (By similarity). May play a role in mast cell development (By similarity). Required with TYROBP/DAP12 in microglia to control production of microglial superoxide ions which promote the neuronal apoptosis that occurs during brain development (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Membrane raft; Single-pass type I membrane protein

## **Tissue Location**

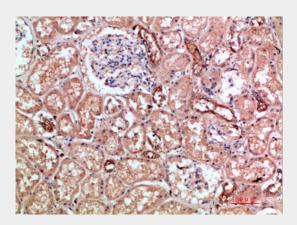
Predominantly expressed in monocytes and granulocytes (PubMed:1346576). Expressed in neutrophils (at protein level) (PubMed:21193407).

## **CD11b Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

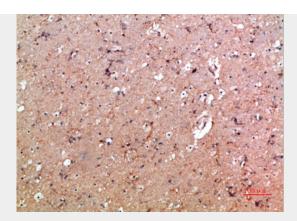
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## CD11b Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:200





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:200

## **CD11b Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Integrin ITGAM/ITGB2 is implicated in various adhesive interactions of monocytes, macrophages and granulocytes as well as in mediating the uptake of complement-coated particles and pathogens (PubMed:9558116, PubMed:20008295). It is identical with CR-3, the receptor for the iC3b fragment of the third complement component. It probably recognizes the R-G-D peptide in C3b. Integrin ITGAM/ITGB2 is also a receptor for fibrinogen, factor X and ICAM1. It recognizes P1 and P2 peptides of fibrinogen gamma chain. Regulates neutrophil migration (PubMed:28807980). In association with beta subunit ITGB2/CD18, required for CD177- PRTN3-mediated activation of TNF primed neutrophils (PubMed:21193407). May regulate phagocytosis-induced apoptosis in extravasated neutrophils (By similarity). May play a role in mast cell development (By similarity).