

FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP74243

Specification

FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P98177
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal

FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4303

Other Names

Forkhead box protein O4 (Fork head domain transcription factor AFX1)

Dilution

WB~~WB 1:500-2000, ELISA 1:10000-20000

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name FOXO4

Synonyms AFX, AFX1, MLLT7

Function

Transcription factor involved in the regulation of the insulin signaling pathway. Binds to insulin-response elements (IREs) and can activate transcription of IGFBP1. Down-regulates expression of HIF1A and suppresses hypoxia-induced transcriptional activation of HIF1A-modulated genes. Also involved in negative regulation of the cell cycle. Involved in increased proteasome activity in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) by activating expression of PSMD11 in ESCs, leading to enhanced assembly of the 26S proteasome, followed by higher proteasome activity.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=When phosphorylated, translocated from nucleus to cytoplasm. Dephosphorylation triggers nuclear translocation. Monoubiquitination increases nuclear localization. When deubiquitinated, translocated from nucleus to cytoplasm

Tissue Location

Heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas. Isoform zeta is most



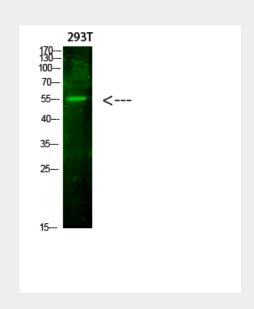
abundant in the liver, kidney, and pancreas

FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



FoxO4 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Transcription factor involved in the regulation of the insulin signaling pathway. Binds to insulin-response elements (IREs) and can activate transcription of IGFBP1. Down-regulates expression of HIF1A and suppresses hypoxia-induced transcriptional activation of HIF1A-modulated genes. Also involved in negative regulation of the cell cycle. Involved in increased proteasome activity in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) by activating expression of PSMD11 in ESCs, leading to enhanced assembly of the 26S proteasome, followed by higher proteasome activity.