

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7437A

Specification

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application FC, WB,E Primary Accession Q13443

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region 35-64

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8754

Other Names

Disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain-containing protein 9, ADAM 9, 3424-, Cellular disintegrin-related protein, Meltrin-gamma, Metalloprotease/disintegrin/cysteine-rich protein 9, Myeloma cell metalloproteinase, ADAM9, KIAA0021, MCMP, MDC9, MLTNG

Target/Specificity

This ADAM9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 35-64 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ADAM9.

Dilution

FC~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name ADAM9







Synonyms KIAA0021, MCMP, MDC9, MLTNG

Function Metalloprotease that cleaves and releases a number of molecules with important roles in tumorigenesis and angiogenesis, such as TEK, KDR, EPHB4, CD40, VCAM1 and CDH5. May mediate cell-cell, cell- matrix interactions and regulate the motility of cells via interactions with integrins.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

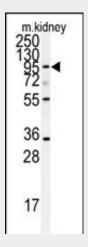
Widely expressed. Expressed in chondrocytes. Isoform 2 is highly expressed in liver and heart

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

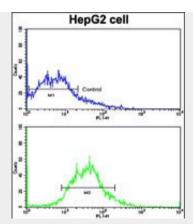
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-ADAM9 Antibody (N-term)(Cat.#AP7437a) in mouse kidney tissue lysates (35ug/lane). ADAM9 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Background

ADAM9 is a member of the ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain) family. Members of this family are membrane-anchored proteins structurally related to snake venom disintegrins, and have been implicated in a variety of biological processes involving cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, including fertilization, muscle development, and neurogenesis. This protein interacts with SH3 domain-containing proteins, binds mitotic arrest deficient 2 beta protein, and is also involved in TPA-induced ectodomain shedding of membrane-anchored heparin-binding EGF-like growth factor.

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - References

Weskamp G., Kraetzschmar J., Reid M.S.J. Cell Biol. 132:717-726(1996)
Hotoda N., Koike H.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 293:800-805(2002)
McKie N., Edwards T., Dallas D.J.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 230:335-339(1997)

ADAM9 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- Arecoline-induced death of human leukemia K562 cells is associated with surface up-modulation of TNFR2.
- Suppression of ADAM17-mediated Lyn/Akt pathways induces apoptosis of human leukemia U937 cells: Bungarus multicinctus protease inhibitor-like protein-1 uncovers the cytotoxic mechanism.