

### **DPT Antibody (Center)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7485c

# **Specification**

# **DPT Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application IF, FC, IHC-P, WB,E

Primary Accession <u>Q07507</u>

Other Accession <u>P45846</u>, <u>Q9QZZ6</u>, <u>P19427</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Mouse, Pig

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region 102-128

# **DPT Antibody (Center) - Additional Information**

#### **Gene ID 1805**

#### **Other Names**

Dermatopontin, Tyrosine-rich acidic matrix protein, TRAMP, DPT

#### Target/Specificity

This DPT antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 102-128 amino acids from the Central region of human DPT.

#### **Dilution**

IF~~1:10~50 FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:50~100 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Precautions**

DPT Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **DPT Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**





# Name DPT

**Function** Seems to mediate adhesion by cell surface integrin binding. May serve as a communication link between the dermal fibroblast cell surface and its extracellular matrix environment. Enhances TGFB1 activity. Inhibits cell proliferation. Accelerates collagen fibril formation, and stabilizes collagen fibrils against low-temperature dissociation (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix

#### **Tissue Location**

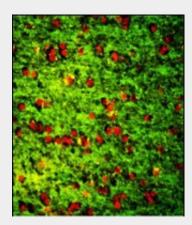
Expressed in fibroblasts, heart, skeletal muscle, brain and pancreas. Expressed at an intermediate level in lung and kidney, and at a low level in liver and placenta. Expressed at a lower level in fibroblasts from hypertrophic scar lesional skin and in fibroblasts from patients with systemic sclerosis than in normal skin fibroblasts.

# **DPT Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

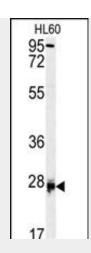
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **DPT Antibody (Center) - Images**

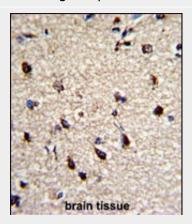


Immunofluorescence analysis of DPT Antibody (Center) with paraffin-embedded human brain tissue . 0.05 mg/ml primary antibody was followed by FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (whole molecule). FITC emits green fluorescence.Red counterstaining is PI.

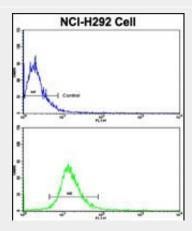




Western blot analysis of DPT antibody (Center) (Cat.#AP7485c) in HL60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). DPT (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



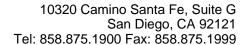
Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human brain with DPT Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Flow cytometric analysis of NCI-H292 cells using DPT Antibody (Center)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# **DPT Antibody (Center) - Background**

DPT is an extracellular matrix protein with possible functions in cell-matrix interactions and matrix assembly. This protein is found in various tissues and many of its tyrosine residues are sulphated.





The protein is postulated to modify the behavior of TGF-beta through interaction with decorin.

# **DPT Antibody (Center) - References**

Cheung, C.L., Chan, B.Y. Hum. Mol. Genet. 18 (4), 679-687 (2009) Pochampally, R.R., Ylostalo, J. J. Bone Miner. Res. 22 (9), 1338-1349 (2007) Lunetta, K.L., D'Agostino, R.B. Sr. BMC Med. Genet. 8 SUPPL 1, S13 (2007)