

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7560b

Specification

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession P24752
Other Accession Q8HXY6

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Predicted Monkey
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 45200
Antigen Region 296-329

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 38

Other Names

Acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, mitochondrial, Acetoacetyl-CoA thiolase, T2, ACAT1, ACAT, MAT

Target/Specificity

This ACAT1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 296-329 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ACAT1.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name ACAT1





Synonyms ACAT, MAT

Function This is one of the enzymes that catalyzes the last step of the mitochondrial beta-oxidation pathway, an aerobic process breaking down fatty acids into acetyl-CoA (PubMed:1715688, PubMed:7728148, PubMed:9744475). Using free coenzyme A/CoA, catalyzes the thiolytic cleavage of medium- to long-chain 3-oxoacyl-CoAs into acetyl-CoA and a fatty acyl-CoA shortened by two carbon atoms (PubMed:1715688, PubMed:7728148, PubMed:9744475). The activity of the enzyme is reversible and it can also catalyze the condensation of two acetyl-CoA molecules into acetoacetyl-CoA (PubMed:17371050). Thereby, it plays a major role in ketone body metabolism (PubMed:1715688, PubMed:17371050, PubMed:7728148, PubMed:9744475).

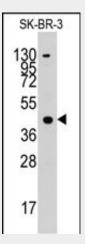
Cellular LocationMitochondrion.

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

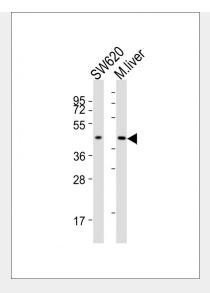
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - Images

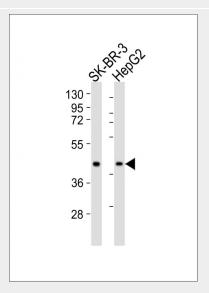


Western blot analysis of anti-ACAT1 Pab (Cat.#AP7560b) in SK-BR-3 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).ACAT1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

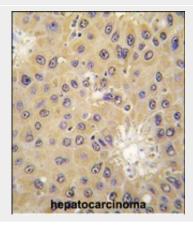




All lanes: Anti-ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: SW620 whole cell lysates Lane 2: mouse liver lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 45. 2 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



All lanes: Anti-ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: SK-BR-3 whole cell lysates Lane 2: HepG2 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size: 45. 2 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.





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Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma tissue reacted with ACAT1 antibody (C-term) (Cat.#AP7560b), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

ACAT1 is a mitochondrially localized enzyme that catalyzes the reversible formation of acetoacetyl-CoA from two molecules of acetyl-CoA. Defects in the gene encoding ACAT1 are associated with the alpha-methylacetoaceticaciduria disorder, an inborn error of isoleucine catabolism characterized by urinary excretion of 2-methyl-3-hydroxybutyric acid, 2-methylacetoacetic acid, tiglylglycine, and butanone.

ACAT1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Locke, J.A., Prostate 68 (1), 20-33 (2008) Guo, Z.Y., Biochemistry 46 (35), 10063-10071 (2007) Haapalainen, A.M., Biochemistry 46 (14), 4305-4321 (2007)