

# RPA70 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76033

#### Specification

## **RPA70** Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IP, ICC <u>P27694</u> Human Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody 68138

## **RPA70** Rabbit mAb - Additional Information

Gene ID 6117

Other Names RPA1

Dilution WB~~1/500-1/1000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A

Format Liquid

## **RPA70** Rabbit mAb - Protein Information

Name RPA1

Synonyms REPA1, RPA70

Function

As part of the heterotrimeric replication protein A complex (RPA/RP-A), binds and stabilizes single-stranded DNA intermediates that form during DNA replication or upon DNA stress. It prevents their reannealing and in parallel, recruits and activates different proteins and complexes involved in DNA metabolism (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17596542" target="\_blank">17596542</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723717" target="\_blank">27723717</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723717" target="\_blank">27723717</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723717" target="\_blank">27723717</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723720" target="\_blank">27723717</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27723720" target="\_blank">27723720</a>). Thereby, it plays an essential role both in DNA replication and the cellular response to DNA damage (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9430682" target="\_blank">9430682</a>). In the cellular response to DNA damage, the RPA complex controls DNA repair and DNA damage checkpoint activation. Through recruitment of ATRIP activates the ATR kinase a master regulator of the DNA damage response (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24332808"">http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24332808"</a>



target="\_blank">24332808</a>). It is required for the recruitment of the DNA double-strand break repair factors RAD51 and RAD52 to chromatin in response to DNA damage (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17765923" target="\_blank">17765923</a>). Also recruits to sites of DNA damage proteins like XPA and XPG that are involved in nucleotide excision repair and is required for this mechanism of DNA repair (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7697716" target="\_blank">7697716</a>). Also plays a role in base excision repair (BER) probably through interaction with UNG (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9765279" target="\_blank">9765279</a>). Also recruits SMARCAL1/HARP, which is involved in replication fork restart, to sites of DNA damage. Plays a role in telomere maintenance (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17959650" target="\_blank">17959650</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34767620" target="\_blank">17959650</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34767620" target="\_blank">34767620</a>). Also plays a role in telomere maintenance (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17959650" target="\_blank">17959650</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34767620" target="\_blank">34767620</a>). As part of the alternative replication protein A complex, aRPA, binds single-stranded DNA and probably plays a role in DNA repair. Compared to the RPA2-containing, canonical RPA complex, may not support chromosomal DNA replication and cell cycle progression through S-phase. The aRPA may not promote efficient priming by DNA polymerase alpha but could support DNA synthesis by polymerase delta in presence of PCNA and replication factor C (RFC), the dual incision/excision reaction of nucleotide excision repair and RAD51-dependent strand exchange (PubMed:<a href="http://axis">a role in blace/axis</a>

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19996105" target="\_blank">19996105</a>). RPA stimulates 5'-3' helicase activity of the BRIP1/FANCJ (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17596542" target=" blank">17596542</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body. Note=Enriched in PML bodies in cells displaying alternative lengthening of their telomeres

#### **RPA70** Rabbit mAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

RPA70 Rabbit mAb - Images



