

**Phospho-RSK2 (Ser227) Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP76041**

## Specification

## Phospho-RSK2 (Ser227) Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application	<b>WB, IP</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P51812</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human, Mouse, Rat</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Monoclonal Antibody</b>
Calculated MW	<b>83736</b>

### Phospho-RSK2 (Ser227) Rabbit mAb - Additional Information

**Gene ID 6197**

## Other Names

RPS6KA3

## Dilution

WB  $\sim 1/500-1/1000$

IP  $\sim 1/20$

## Format

Liquid

## Phospho-RSK2 (Ser227) Rabbit mAb - Protein Information

**Name** RPS6KA3

**Synonyms** ISPK1, MAPKAPK1B, RSK2

## Function

Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of ERK (MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1) signaling and mediates mitogenic and stress-induced activation of the transcription factors CREB1, ETV1/ER81 and NR4A1/NUR77, regulates translation through RPS6 and EIF4B phosphorylation, and mediates cellular proliferation, survival, and differentiation by modulating mTOR signaling and repressing pro- apoptotic function of BAD and DAPK1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16213824" target="\_blank">16213824</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16223362" target="\_blank">16223362</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17360704" target="\_blank">17360704</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9770464" target="\_blank">9770464</a>). In fibroblast, is required for EGF- stimulated phosphorylation of CREB1 and histone H3 at 'Ser-10', which results in the subsequent transcriptional activation of several immediate-early genes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10436156" target="\_blank">10436156</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9770464" target="\_blank">9770464</a>). In response to mitogenic stimulation (EGF and PMA), phosphorylates and activates NR4A1/NUR77 and ETV1/ER81 transcription factors and the cofactor CREBBP (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10436156" target="\_blank">10436156</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9770464" target="\_blank">9770464</a>).

[16223362](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16223362)). Upon insulin-derived signal, acts indirectly on the transcription regulation of several genes by phosphorylating GSK3B at 'Ser-9' and inhibiting its activity (PubMed:[8250835](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8250835)). Phosphorylates RPS6 in response to serum or EGF via an mTOR-independent mechanism and promotes translation initiation by facilitating assembly of the preinitiation complex (PubMed:[17360704](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17360704)). In response to insulin, phosphorylates EIF4B, enhancing EIF4B affinity for the EIF3 complex and stimulating cap-dependent translation (PubMed:[18508509](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18508509), PubMed:[18813292](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18813292)). Is involved in the mTOR nutrient-sensing pathway by directly phosphorylating TSC2 at 'Ser-1798', which potently inhibits TSC2 ability to suppress mTOR signaling, and mediates phosphorylation of RPTOR, which regulates mTORC1 activity and may promote rapamycin- sensitive signaling independently of the PI3K/AKT pathway (PubMed:[18722121](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18722121)). Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro- apoptotic proteins BAD and DAPK1 and suppressing their pro-apoptotic function (PubMed:[16213824](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16213824)). Promotes the survival of hepatic stellate cells by phosphorylating CEBPB in response to the hepatotoxin carbon tetrachloride (CCl4) (PubMed:[18508509](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18508509), PubMed:[18813292](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18813292)). Is involved in cell cycle regulation by phosphorylating the CDK inhibitor CDKN1B, which promotes CDKN1B association with 14-3-3 proteins and prevents its translocation to the nucleus and inhibition of G1 progression (By similarity). In LPS-stimulated dendritic cells, is involved in TLR4- induced macropinocytosis, and in myeloma cells, acts as effector of FGFR3-mediated transformation signaling, after direct phosphorylation at Tyr-529 by FGFR3 (By similarity). Negatively regulates EGF-induced MAPK1/3 phosphorylation via phosphorylation of SOS1 (By similarity). Phosphorylates SOS1 at 'Ser-1134' and 'Ser-1161' that create YWHAB and YWHAЕ binding sites and which contribute to the negative regulation of MAPK1/3 phosphorylation (By similarity). Phosphorylates EPHA2 at 'Ser- 897', the RPS6KA-EPHA2 signaling pathway controls cell migration (PubMed:[26158630](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26158630)). Acts as a regulator of osteoblast differentiation by mediating phosphorylation of ATF4, thereby promoting ATF4 transactivation activity (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in many tissues, highest levels in skeletal muscle

**Phospho-RSK2 (Ser227) Rabbit mAb - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Phospho-RSK2 (Ser227) Rabbit mAb - Images**

