

#### XPD Rabbit mAb

**Catalog # AP76265** 

## **Specification**

#### XPD Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, ICC P18074 Human Rabbit

Monoclonal Antibody

86909

# **XPD Rabbit mAb - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 2068** 

Other Names ERCC2

**Dilution** 

WB~~1/500-1/1000

ICC~~N/A

## **Format**

50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.

#### Storage

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

### **XPD Rabbit mAb - Protein Information**

Name ERCC2

Synonyms XPD, XPDC

## **Function**

ATP-dependent 5'-3' DNA helicase (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31253769" target="\_blank">31253769</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8413672" target="\_blank">8413672</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9771713" target="\_blank">9771713</a>). Component of the general transcription and DNA repair factor IIH (TFIIH) core complex, not absolutely essential for minimal transcription in vitro (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10024882" target="\_blank">10024882</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17466626" target="\_blank">17466626</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9771713" target="\_blank">9771713</a>). Required for transcription-coupled nucleotide excision repair (NER) of damaged DNA; recognizes damaged bases (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17466626" target="\_blank">17466626</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23352696" target="\_blank">23352696</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9771713"



target="\_blank">9771713</a>). Sequestered in chromatin on UV-damaged DNA (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23352696" target="\_blank">23352696</a>). When complexed to CDK-activating kinase (CAK), involved in transcription by RNA polymerase II. In NER, TFIIH acts by opening DNA around the lesion to allow the excision of the damaged oligonucleotide and its replacement by a new DNA fragment. The ATP-dependent helicase activity of XPD/ERCC2 is required for DNA opening. Involved in DNA lesion verification (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31253769" target="\_blank">31253769</a>). In transcription, TFIIH has an essential role in transcription initiation. When the pre-initiation complex (PIC) has been established, TFIIH is required for promoter opening and promoter escape. Phosphorylation of the C-terminal tail (CTD) of the largest subunit of RNA polymerase II by the kinase module CAK controls the initiation of transcription. XPD/ERCC2 acts by forming a bridge between CAK and the core-TFIIH complex. The structure of the TFIIH transcription complex differs from the NER-TFIIH complex; large movements by XPD/ERCC2 and XPB/ERCC3 are stabilized by XPA which allow this subunit to contact ssDNA (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31253769" target="\_blank">31253769</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33902107" target="\_blank">33902107</a>). Involved in the regulation of vitamin-D receptor activity. As part of the mitotic spindle-associated MMXD complex it plays a role in chromosome segregation. Might have a role in aging process and could play a causative role in the generation of skin cancers.

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle

## **XPD Rabbit mAb - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# XPD Rabbit mAb - Images





