

DDB1 Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP76465**Specification**

DDB1 Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IP, ICC
Primary Accession	Q16531
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	126968

DDB1 Rabbit mAb - Additional Information**Gene ID** 1642**Other Names**
DDB1**Dilution**
WB~~1/500-1/1000
IHC-P~~N/A
IHC-F~~N/A
IP~~1/20
ICC~~N/A**Format**
50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.**Storage**
Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.**DDB1 Rabbit mAb - Protein Information****Name** DDB1**Synonyms** XAP1**Function**
Protein, which is both involved in DNA repair and protein ubiquitination, as part of the UV-DDB complex and DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) complexes, respectively (PubMed:14739464, PubMed:15448697, PubMed:16260596, PubMed:16407242, PubMed:16407252, PubMed:16482215, PubMed:16940174, PubMed:<a

[17079684](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17079684)). Core component of the UV-DDB complex (UV-damaged DNA-binding protein complex), a complex that recognizes UV- induced DNA damage and recruit proteins of the nucleotide excision repair pathway (the NER pathway) to initiate DNA repair (PubMed:
[15448697](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15448697), PubMed:
[16260596](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16260596), PubMed:
[16407242](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16407242), PubMed:
[16940174](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16940174)). The UV-DDB complex preferentially binds to cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers (CPD), 6-4 photoproducts (6-4 PP), apurinic sites and short mismatches (PubMed:
[15448697](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15448697), PubMed:
[16260596](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16260596), PubMed:
[16407242](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16407242), PubMed:
[16940174](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16940174)). Also functions as a component of numerous distinct DCX (DDB1-CUL4-X-box) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes which mediate the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins (PubMed:
[14739464](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14739464), PubMed:
[16407252](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16407252), PubMed:
[16482215](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16482215), PubMed:
[17079684](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17079684), PubMed:
[18332868](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18332868), PubMed:
[18381890](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18381890), PubMed:
[19966799](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19966799), PubMed:
[22118460](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22118460), PubMed:
[25043012](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25043012), PubMed:
[25108355](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25108355), PubMed:
[28886238](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28886238)). The functional specificity of the DCX E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex is determined by the variable substrate recognition component recruited by DDB1 (PubMed:
[14739464](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14739464), PubMed:
[16407252](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16407252), PubMed:
[16482215](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16482215), PubMed:
[17079684](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17079684), PubMed:
[18332868](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18332868), PubMed:
[18381890](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18381890), PubMed:
[19966799](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19966799), PubMed:
[22118460](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22118460), PubMed:
[25043012](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25043012), PubMed:
[25108355](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25108355)). DCX(DDB2) (also known as DDB1-CUL4-ROC1, CUL4-DDB-ROC1 and CUL4-DDB-RBX1) may ubiquitinate histone H2A, histone H3 and histone H4 at sites of UV- induced DNA damage (PubMed:
[16473935](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16473935), PubMed:
[16678110](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16678110), PubMed:
[17041588](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17041588), PubMed:
[18593899](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18593899)). The ubiquitination of histones may facilitate their removal from the nucleosome and promote subsequent DNA repair (PubMed:
[16473935](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16473935), PubMed:
[16678110](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16678110), PubMed:
[17041588](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17041588), PubMed:
[18593899](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18593899)). DCX(DDB2) also ubiquitinates XPC, which may enhance DNA-binding by XPC and promote NER (PubMed:
[15882621](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15882621)). DCX(DTL) plays a role in PCNA- dependent polyubiquitination of CDT1 and MDM2-dependent ubiquitination of TP53 in response to radiation-induced DNA damage and during DNA replication (PubMed:
[17041588](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17041588)). DCX(ERCC8) (the CSA complex) plays a role in transcription-coupled repair (TCR) (PubMed:

[12732143](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12732143), PubMed:<[32355176](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32355176)>, PubMed:<[38316879](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38316879)>). The DDB1-CUL4A-DTL E3 ligase complex regulates the circadian clock function by mediating the ubiquitination and degradation of CRY1 (PubMed:<[26431207](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26431207)>). DDB1-mediated CRY1 degradation promotes FOXO1 protein stability and FOXO1-mediated gluconeogenesis in the liver (By similarity). By acting on TET dioxygenases, essential for oocyte maintenance at the primordial follicle stage, hence essential for female fertility (By similarity). Maternal factor required for proper zygotic genome activation and genome reprogramming (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Primarily cytoplasmic (PubMed:10777491, PubMed:11673459). Translocates to the nucleus following UV irradiation and subsequently accumulates at sites of DNA damage (PubMed:10777491, PubMed:11673459). More concentrated in nuclei than in cytoplasm in germinal vesicle (GV) stage oocytes, zygotes and the 2-cell stage, but distributed in the cytoplasm at the MII-stage oocytes (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q3U1J4, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10777491, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11673459}

DDB1 Rabbit mAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

DDB1 Rabbit mAb - Images



