

# STK33 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7681a

# **Specification**

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

WB, IHC-P,E Application **Primary Accession 09BYT3** Reactivity Human Host **Rabbit** Clonality **Polyclonal** Isotype Rabbit IgG Calculated MW 57831 Antigen Region 476-506

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 65975**

### **Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase 33, STK33

# **Target/Specificity**

This STK33 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 476-506 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human STK33.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:50~100

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

STK33 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

# Name STK33

**Function** Serine/threonine protein kinase which phosphorylates VIME. May play a specific role in the dynamic behavior of the intermediate filament cytoskeleton by phosphorylation of VIME (By



similarity). Not essential for the survival of KRAS-dependent AML cell lines.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, perinuclear region.

#### **Tissue Location**

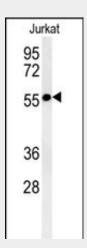
Highly expressed in testis, fetal lung and heart, followed by pituitary gland, kidney, interventricular septum, pancreas, heart, trachea, thyroid gland and uterus. Weak hybridization signals were observed in the following tissues: amygdala, aorta, esophagus, colon ascending, colon transverse, skeletal muscle, spleen, peripheral blood leukocyte, lymph node, bone marrow, placenta, prostate, liver, salivary gland, mammary gland, some tumor cell lines, fetal brain, fetal liver, fetal spleen and fetal thymus. No signal at all was detectable in RNA from tissues of the nervous system

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

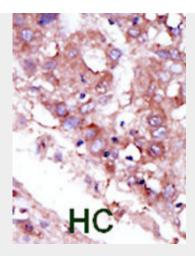
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - Images



STK33-T481 (Cat. #AP7681a) western blot analysis in NCI-H460 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the STK33 antibody detected the STK33 protein (arrow).





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - Background

Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor, generally the g phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells, regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes. The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on sequence comparison of their tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains.

# STK33 Antibody (C-term) - References

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