

ERK1 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP76852

Specification

ERK1 Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, IHC-P, IP
P27361
Human
Rabbit
Monoclonal Antibody

43136

ERK1 Rabbit mAb - Additional Information

Gene ID 5595

Other Names MAPK3

DilutionWB~~1/500-1/1000
IHC-P~~N/A
IP~~N/A

Format

50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.

Storage

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

ERK1 Rabbit mAb - Protein Information

Name MAPK3

Synonyms ERK1, PRKM3

Function

Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:34497368). MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1 are the 2 MAPKs which play an important role in the MAPK/ERK cascade. They participate also in a signaling cascade initiated by activated KIT and KITLG/SCF. Depending on the cellular context, the MAPK/ERK cascade mediates diverse biological functions such as cell growth, adhesion, survival and differentiation through the regulation of transcription, translation, cytoskeletal rearrangements. The MAPK/ERK cascade also plays a role in initiation and regulation of meiosis, mitosis, and postmitotic functions in differentiated cells by phosphorylating a number of transcription factors. About 160 substrates have already been discovered for ERKs. Many of these substrates are localized in the nucleus, and seem to participate in the regulation of transcription upon stimulation. However, other substrates



are found in the cytosol as well as in other cellular organelles, and those are responsible for processes such as translation, mitosis and apoptosis. Moreover, the MAPK/ERK cascade is also involved in the regulation of the endosomal dynamics, including lysosome processing and endosome cycling through the perinuclear recycling compartment (PNRC); as well as in the fragmentation of the Golgi apparatus during mitosis. The substrates include transcription factors (such as ATF2, BCL6, ELK1, ERF, FOS, HSF4 or SPZ1), cytoskeletal elements (such as CANX, CTTN, GJA1, MAP2, MAPT, PXN, SORBS3 or STMN1), regulators of apoptosis (such as BAD, BTG2, CASP9, DAPK1, IER3, MCL1 or PPARG), regulators of translation (such as EIF4EBP1) and a variety of other signaling-related molecules (like ARHGEF2, DEPTOR, FRS2 or GRB10) (PubMed:>35216969<a>href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35216969" target="_blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<a>href="blank">>35216969<<a>href="blank">>35216969<<a>href="blank">>35216969<<a>href="blank">>35216969<<a>href="blank">>35216969<<a>href="blan

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21708}. Nucleus. Membrane, caveola {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21708}. Cell junction, focal adhesion {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63844} Note=Autophosphorylation at Thr-207 promotes nuclear localization (PubMed:19060905). PEA15-binding redirects the biological outcome of MAPK3 kinase-signaling by sequestering MAPK3 into the cytoplasm (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63844, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19060905}

ERK1 Rabbit mAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ERK1 Rabbit mAb - Images



