

# Trk B Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP76886

# **Specification**

## Trk B Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, IHC-P, IP
P15209
Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Monoclonal Antibody
92133

# Trk B Rabbit mAb - Additional Information

Gene ID 18212

Other Names Ntrk2

**Dilution**WB~~1/500-1/1000
IHC-P~~N/A
IP~~N/A

## **Format**

50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.

## Storage

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

## Trk B Rabbit mAb - Protein Information

Name Ntrk2 {ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:97384}

## **Function**

Receptor tyrosine kinase involved in the development and the maturation of the central and the peripheral nervous systems through regulation of neuron survival, proliferation, migration, differentiation, and synapse formation and plasticity. Receptor for BDNF/brain-derived neurotrophic factor and NTF4/neurotrophin-4. Alternatively can also bind NTF3/neurotrophin-3 which is less efficient in activating the receptor but regulates neuron survival through NTRK2. Upon ligand-binding, undergoes homodimerization, autophosphorylation and activation. Recruits, phosphorylates and/or activates several downstream effectors including SHC1, FRS2, SH2B1, SH2B2 and PLCG1 that regulate distinct overlapping signaling cascades. Through SHC1, FRS2, SH2B1, SH2B2 activates the GRB2-Ras-MAPK cascade that regulates for instance neuronal differentiation including neurite outgrowth. Through the same effectors controls the Ras-Pl3 kinase-AKT1 signaling cascade that mainly regulates growth and survival. Through PLCG1 and the downstream protein kinase C-regulated pathways controls synaptic plasticity. Thereby, plays a role in learning and memory by regulating both short term synaptic function and long-term



potentiation. PLCG1 also leads to NF-Kappa-B activation and the transcription of genes involved in cell survival. Hence, it is able to suppress anoikis, the apoptosis resulting from loss of cell-matrix interactions. Isoform GP95-TRKB may also play a role in neutrophin-dependent calcium signaling in glial cells and mediate communication between neurons and glia.

## **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Early endosome membrane. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63604}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63604}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63604}. Postsynaptic density. Note=Internalized to endosomes upon ligand-binding.

## **Tissue Location**

Expressed in the brain, in neurons (at protein level) (PubMed:23977241). Detected in hippocampus (at protein level) (PubMed:27457814). Widely expressed in the central and peripheral nervous system. The different forms are differentially expressed in various cell types. Isoform GP95-TRKB is specifically expressed in glial cells.

## Trk B Rabbit mAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# Trk B Rabbit mAb - Images

