

# ABL2 Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP77600

# Specification

#### **ABL2 Rabbit mAb - Product Information**

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB, FC
P42684
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Monoclonal Antibody
128343

#### ABL2 Rabbit mAb - Additional Information

Gene ID 27

Other Names ABL2

**Dilution** WB~~1/500-1/1000 FC~~1:10~50

Format Liquid

### **ABL2 Rabbit mAb - Protein Information**

Name ABL2

Synonyms ABLL, ARG

# **Function**

Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase that plays an ABL1- overlapping role in key processes linked to cell growth and survival such as cytoskeleton remodeling in response to extracellular stimuli, cell motility and adhesion and receptor endocytosis. Coordinates actin remodeling through tyrosine phosphorylation of proteins controlling cytoskeleton dynamics like MYH10 (involved in movement); CTTN (involved in signaling); or TUBA1 and TUBB (microtubule subunits). Binds directly F-actin and regulates actin cytoskeletal structure through its F-actin- bundling activity. Involved in the regulation of cell adhesion and motility through phosphorylation of key regulators of these processes such as CRK, CRKL, DOK1 or ARHGAP35. Adhesion-dependent phosphorylation of ARHGAP35 promotes its association with RASA1, resulting in recruitment of ARHGAP35 to the cell periphery where it inhibits RHO. Phosphorylates multiple receptor tyrosine kinases like PDGFRB and other substrates which are involved in endocytosis regulation such as RIN1. In brain, may regulate neurotransmission by phosphorylating proteins at the synapse. ABL2 also acts as a regulator of multiple pathological signaling cascades during infection. Pathogens can highjack ABL2 kinase signaling to reorganize the host actin cytoskeleton for multiple purposes, like facilitating intracellular movement and host cell exit. Finally, functions as its own regulator





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through autocatalytic activity as well as through phosphorylation of its inhibitor, ABI1. Positively regulates chemokine-mediated T-cell migration, polarization, and homing to lymph nodes and immune-challenged tissues, potentially via activation of NEDD9/HEF1 and RAP1 (By similarity).

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q4JIM5}

## **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed.

#### **ABL2 Rabbit mAb - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## ABL2 Rabbit mAb - Images

