

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7826d

Specification

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - Product Information

Application WB, IF, IHC-P,E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
P21980
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
77329
429-458

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - Additional Information

Gene ID 7052

Other Names

Protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase 2, Tissue transglutaminase, Transglutaminase C, TG(C), TGC, TGase C, Transglutaminase H, TGase H, Transglutaminase-2, TGase-2, TGM2

Target/Specificity

This Transglutaminase (TGM2) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 429-458 amino acids from the Central region of human Transglutaminase (TGM2).

Dilution

WB~~1:1000 IF~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:10~50

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - Protein Information



Name TGM2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17939176, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11778}

Function Calcium-dependent acyltransferase that catalyzes the formation of covalent bonds between peptide-bound glutamine and various primary amines, such as gamma-amino group of peptide-bound lysine, or mono- and polyamines, thereby producing cross-linked or aminated proteins, respectively (PubMed:23941696, PubMed:31991788, PubMed:9252372). Involved in many biological processes, such as bone development, angiogenesis, wound healing, cellular differentiation, chromatin modification and apoptosis (PubMed: 1683874, PubMed: 27270573, PubMed: <u>28198360</u>, PubMed: <u>7935379</u>, PubMed: <u>9252372</u>). Acts as a protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase by mediating the cross-linking of proteins, such as ACO2, HSPB6, FN1, HMGB1, RAP1GDS1, SLC25A4/ANT1, SPP1 and WDR54 (PubMed: 23941696, PubMed: 24349085, PubMed: 29618516, PubMed: 30458214). Under physiological conditions, the protein cross-linking activity is inhibited by GTP; inhibition is relieved by Ca(2+) in response to various stresses (PubMed:18092889, PubMed:7592956, PubMed:7649299). When secreted, catalyzes cross-linking of proteins of the extracellular matrix, such as FN1 and SPP1 resulting in the formation of scaffolds (PubMed: 12506096). Plays a key role during apoptosis, both by (1) promoting the cross-linking of cytoskeletal proteins resulting in condensation of the cytoplasm, and by (2) mediating cross-linking proteins of the extracellular matrix, resulting in the irreversible formation of scaffolds that stabilize the integrity of the dying cells before their clearance by phagocytosis, thereby preventing the leakage of harmful intracellular components (PubMed: 7935379, PubMed: 9252372). In addition to protein cross-linking, can use different monoamine substrates to catalyze a vast array of protein post-translational modifications: mediates aminylation of serotonin, dopamine, noradrenaline or histamine into glutamine residues of target proteins to generate protein serotonylation, dopaminylation, noradrenalinylation or histaminylation, respectively (PubMed: <u>23797785</u>, PubMed: <u>30867594</u>). Mediates protein serotonylation of small GTPases during activation and aggregation of platelets, leading to constitutive activation of these GTPases (By similarity). Plays a key role in chromatin organization by mediating serotonylation and dopaminylation of histone H3 (PubMed: 30867594, PubMed: 32273471). Catalyzes serotonylation of 'Gln-5' of histone H3 (H3Q5ser) during serotonergic neuron differentiation, thereby facilitating transcription (PubMed: 30867594). Acts as a mediator of neurotransmission-independent role of nuclear dopamine in ventral tegmental area (VTA) neurons: catalyzes dopaminylation of 'Gln-5' of histone H3 (H3Q5dop), thereby regulating relapse-related transcriptional plasticity in the reward system (PubMed: 32273471). Regulates vein remodeling by mediating serotonylation and subsequent inactivation of ATP2A2/SERCA2 (By similarity). Also acts as a protein deamidase by mediating the side chain deamidation of specific glutamine residues of proteins to glutamate (PubMed: 20547769, PubMed: 9623982). Catalyzes specific deamidation of protein gliadin, a component of wheat gluten in the diet (PubMed: 9623982). May also act as an isopeptidase cleaving the previously formed cross-links (PubMed: 26250429, PubMed: 27131890). Also able to participate in signaling pathways independently of its acyltransferase activity: acts as a signal transducer in alpha-1 adrenergic receptor-mediated stimulation of phospholipase C-delta (PLCD) activity and is required for coupling alpha-1 adrenergic agonists to the stimulation of phosphoinositide lipid metabolism (PubMed:8943303).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus. Chromosome. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WVJ6}. Mitochondrion. Note=Mainly localizes to the cytosol (PubMed:9575137). Present at much lower level in the nucleus and chromatin (PubMed:9575137). Also secreted via a non-classical secretion pathway to the extracellular matrix (PubMed:27270573)

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - Protocols

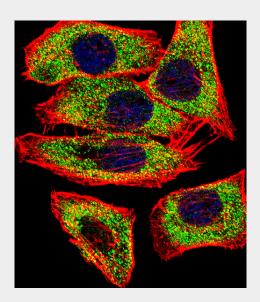
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

Western Blot

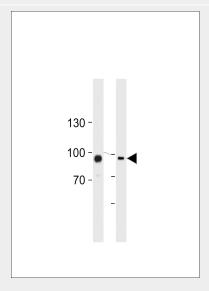


- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - Images

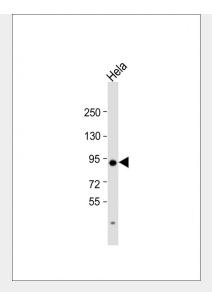


Fluorescent confocal image of U251 cell stained with TGM2 Antibody (Center K444)(Cat#AP7826d).U251 cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with TGM2 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C).Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue) (10 μ g/ml, 10 min).TGM2 immunoreactivity is localized to Cytoplasm significantly.

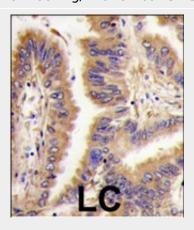


TGM2 Antibody (Center K444) (Cat. #AP7826d) western blot analysis in HUVEC,K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the TGM2 antibody detected the TGM2 protein (arrow).





Anti-TGM2 Antibody (Center K444) at 1:1000 dilution + Hela whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at $20~\mu g$ per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 77 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue reacted with *TGM2 antibody (Center K444), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - Background

Transglutaminases are enzymes that catalyze the crosslinking of proteins by epsilon-gamma glutamyl lysine isopeptide bonds. While the primary structure of transglutaminases is not conserved, they all have the same amino acid sequence at their active sites and their activity is calcium-dependent. TGM2 acts as a monomer, is induced by retinoic acid, and appears to be involved in apoptosis. It has been identified as the autoantigen implicated in celiac disease.

Transglutaminase (TGM2) Antibody (Center K444) - References

Porzio,O., Hum. Mutat. 28 (11), 1150 (2007) Parsons,A.C., Am J Dermatopathol 29 (5), 433-436 (2007)