

**MEK2 Antibody (N-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7905a****Specification**

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**MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	IF, IHC-P, WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P36507</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P36506</a> , <a href="#">Q63932</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	1-30

**MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5605**Other Names**

Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2, MAP kinase kinase 2, MAPKK 2, ERK activator kinase 2, MAPK/ERK kinase 2, MEK 2, MAP2K2, MEK2, MKK2, PRKMK2

**Target/Specificity**

This MEK2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human MEK2.

**Dilution**

IF~~1:10~50  
IHC-P~~1:50~100  
WB~~1:1000  
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

MEK2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**

**Name** MAP2K2

**Synonyms** MEK2, MKK2, PRKMK2

**Function** Catalyzes the concomitant phosphorylation of a threonine and a tyrosine residue in a Thr-Glu-Tyr sequence located in MAP kinases. Activates the ERK1 and ERK2 MAP kinases (By similarity). Activates BRAF in a KSR1 or KSR2-dependent manner; by binding to KSR1 or KSR2 releases the inhibitory intramolecular interaction between KSR1 or KSR2 protein kinase and N-terminal domains which promotes KSR1 or KSR2-BRAF dimerization and BRAF activation (PubMed:[29433126](#)).

**Cellular Location**

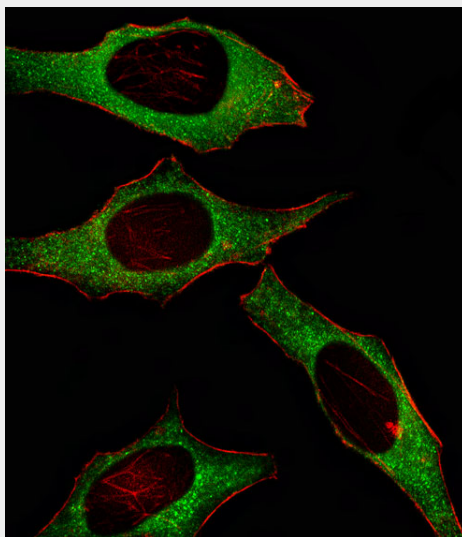
Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Membrane localization is probably regulated by its interaction with KSR1.

**MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols**

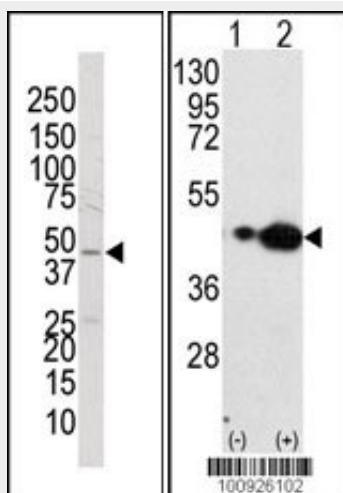
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

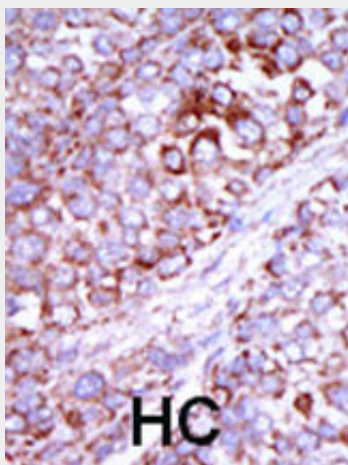
**MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Images**



Fluorescent image of HeLa cell stained with MEK2 Antibody (N-term)(Cat#AP7905a/SG020814R).HeLa cells were fixed with 4% PFA (20 min), permeabilized with Triton X-100 (0.1%, 10 min), then incubated with MEK2 primary antibody (1:25, 1 h at 37°C). For secondary antibody, Alexa Fluor® 488 conjugated donkey anti-rabbit antibody (green) was used (1:400, 50 min at 37°C).Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 (red) conjugated Phalloidin (7units/ml, 1 h at 37°C). MEK2 immunoreactivity is localized to Cytoplasm significantly.



Western blot analysis of anti-MEK2 Pab (Cat. #AP7905a) in jurkat cell lysate. MEK2 (Arrow) was detected using purified Pab. Secondary HRP-anti-rabbit was used for signal visualization with chemiluminescence.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

#### MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

MEK2 is a dual specificity protein kinase that belongs to the MAP kinase kinase family. This kinase is known to play a critical role in mitogen growth factor signal transduction. It phosphorylates and thus activates MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK2/ERK3. The activation of this kinase itself is dependent on the Ser/Thr phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinase kinases. The inhibition or degradation of this kinase is found to be involved in the pathogenesis of Yersinia and anthrax.

#### MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - References

- Burroughs, K.D., et al., Mol. Cancer Res. 1(4):312-322 (2003).
- Tran, H., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 23(20):7177-7188 (2003).
- Li, S.P., et al., Cancer Res. 63(13):3473-3477 (2003).
- Li, Y., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(16):13663-13671 (2003).
- Liu, X., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(42):39312-39319 (2002).

#### MEK2 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- [Targeted silencing of anthrax toxin receptors protects against anthrax toxins.](#)

