

# anti-EGFR antibody

Catalog # AP80111

## Specification

# anti-EGFR antibody - Product Information

Application	IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	<u>P00533</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	134277 Da
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## anti-EGFR antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1956

**Dilution** IHC-P~~N/A E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** anti-EGFR antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## anti-EGFR antibody - Protein Information

Name EGFR (<u>HGNC:3236</u>)

#### Synonyms ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

**Function** Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:<u>10805725</u>, PubMed:<u>27153536</u>, PubMed:<u>2790960</u>, PubMed:<u>35538033</u>). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF- alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF (PubMed:<u>12297049</u>, PubMed:<u>15611079</u>, PubMed:<u>17909029</u>, PubMed:<u>20837704</u>, PubMed:<u>27153536</u>, PubMed:<u>2790960</u>, PubMed:<u>7679104</u>, PubMed:<u>8144591</u>, PubMed:<u>9419975</u>). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:<u>27153536</u>). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:<u>11116146</u>). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G



protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:<u>11602604</u>). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:<u>11483589</u>). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:<u>20462955</u>). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:17909029, PubMed:20674546). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:17182860, PubMed:17909029, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)

**Tissue Location** 

Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

#### anti-EGFR antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

anti-EGFR antibody - Images