

### AK2 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8134a

### Specification

# AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Isotype Antigen Region IHC-P, WB,E <u>P54819</u> Human, Mouse Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 1-30

## AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 204

#### **Other Names**

Adenylate kinase 2, mitochondrial {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, AK 2 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, 2743 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, ATP-AMP transphosphorylase 2 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, ATP:AMP phosphotransferase {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, Adenylate monophosphate kinase {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, Adenylate kinase 2, mitochondrial, N-terminally processed {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, AK2 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}, ADK2

### Target/Specificity

This AK2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AK2.

**Dilution** IHC-P~~1:50~100 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

AK2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information



Name AK2 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}

Synonyms ADK2

**Function** Catalyzes the reversible transfer of the terminal phosphate group between ATP and AMP. Plays an important role in cellular energy homeostasis and in adenine nucleotide metabolism. Adenylate kinase activity is critical for regulation of the phosphate utilization and the AMP de novo biosynthesis pathways. Plays a key role in hematopoiesis.

## Cellular Location Mitochondrion intermembrane space {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF\_03168}

### **Tissue Location**

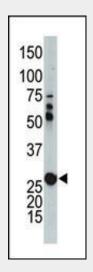
Present in most tissues. Present at high level in heart, liver and kidney, and at low level in brain, skeletal muscle and skin. Present in thrombocytes but not in erythrocytes, which lack mitochondria. Present in all nucleated cell populations from blood, while AK1 is mostly absent. In spleen and lymph nodes, mononuclear cells lack AK1, whereas AK2 is readily detectable. These results indicate that leukocytes may be susceptible to defects caused by the lack of AK2, as they do not express AK1 in sufficient amounts to compensate for the AK2 functional deficits (at protein level)

# AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

### AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Images



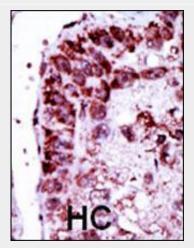
The anti-AK2 Pab (Cat. #AP8134a) is used in Western blot to detect AK2 in mouse kidney tissue



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Western blot analysis of anti-AK2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat.#AP8134a) in CEM cell line lysates (35ug/lane). AK2(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

# AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Adenylate kinases are involved in regulating the adenine nucleotide composition within a cell by catalyzing the reversible transfer of phosphate groups among adenine nucleotides. Five isozymes of adenylate kinase have been identified in vertebrates. Expression of these isozymes is tissue-specific and developmentally regulated. Isozyme 2 is localized in the mitochondrial intermembrane space and may play a role in apoptosis.

# AK2 Antibody (N-term) - References

Noma, T., et al., Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1395(1):34-39 (1998). Lee, Y., et al., J. Biochem. 123(1):47-54 (1998). Lee, Y., et al., Biochem. Mol. Biol. Int. 39(4):833-842 (1996). Bruns, G.A., et al., Biochem. Genet. 15 (5-6), 477-486 (1977). AK2 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- The mitochondrially-localized nucleoside diphosphate kinase D (NME4) is a novel metastasis suppressor
- Impairment of F1F0-ATPase, adenine nucleotide translocator and adenylate kinase causes



mitochondrial energy deficit in human skin fibroblasts with chromosome 21 trisomy.