

### PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8146a

### **Specification**

### PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB,E
Primary Accession O60825
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region 1-30

## PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 5208**

#### **Other Names**

6-phosphofructo-2-kinase/fructose-2, 6-bisphosphatase 2, 6PF-2-K/Fru-2, 6-P2ase 2, PFK/FBPase 2, 6PF-2-K/Fru-2, 6-P2ase heart-type isozyme, 6-phosphofructo-2-kinase, Fructose-2, 6-bisphosphatase, PFKFB2

### Target/Specificity

This PFKFB2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human PFKFB2.

# **Dilution**

IHC-P~~1:50~100 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

#### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Precautions**

PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name PFKFB2 (HGNC:8873)



Function Synthesis and degradation of fructose 2,6-bisphosphate.

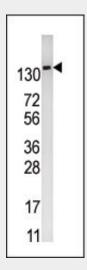
Tissue Location Heart.

## PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

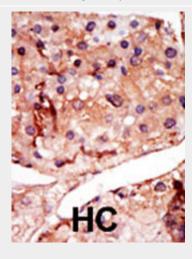
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-PFKFB2 Pab (Cat. #AP8146a) in mouse kidney tissue lysate (35ug/lane). PFKFB2(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab





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Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

## PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Protein kinases are enzymes that transfer a phosphate group from a phosphate donor, generally the g phosphate of ATP, onto an acceptor amino acid in a substrate protein. By this basic mechanism, protein kinases mediate most of the signal transduction in eukaryotic cells, regulating cellular metabolism, transcription, cell cycle progression, cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell movement, apoptosis, and differentiation. With more than 500 gene products, the protein kinase family is one of the largest families of proteins in eukaryotes. The family has been classified in 8 major groups based on seguence comparison of their tyrosine (PTK) or serine/threonine (STK) kinase catalytic domains. The AGC kinase group consists of 63 kinases including the cyclic nucleotide-regulated protein kinase (PKA & PKG) family, the diacylglycerol-activated/phospholipid-dependent protein kinase C (PKC) family, the related to PKA and PKC (RAC/Akt) protein kinase family, the kinases that phosphorylate G protein-coupled receptors family (ARK), and the kinases that phosphorylate ribosomal protein S6 family (RSK).

### PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - References

Soejima, H., et al., Genomics 74(1):115-120 (2001). Heine-Suner, D., et al., Eur. J. Biochem. 254(1):103-110 (1998).

### PFKFB2 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- HIF-1/AKT Signaling-Activated PFKFB2 Alleviates Cardiac Dysfunction and Cardiomyocyte Apoptosis in Response to Hypoxia
- Label-free quantitative proteomic analysis of right ventricular remodeling in infant Tetralogy of Fallot patients.
- Expression, regulation and function of phosphofructo-kinase/fructose-biphosphatases (PFKFBs) in glucocorticoid-induced apoptosis of acute lymphoblastic leukemia cells.
- Nuclear targeting of 6-phosphofructo-2-kinase (PFKFB3) increases proliferation via cyclin-dependent kinases.