

Cdc14 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8440a

Specification

Cdc14 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW

FC, IHC-P, WB,E

Q9UNH5

NP_003663

Human, Mouse
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
66574

Cdc14 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 8556

Other Names

Dual specificity protein phosphatase CDC14A, CDC14 cell division cycle 14 homolog A, CDC14A

Target/Specificity

This Cdc14 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a recombinant protein encoding aa $1\sim379$ of human cdc14.

Dilution

FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Cdc14 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Cdc14 Antibody - Protein Information

Name CDC14A

Function Dual-specificity phosphatase. Required for centrosome separation and productive



cytokinesis during cell division. Dephosphorylates SIRT2 around early anaphase. May dephosphorylate the APC subunit FZR1/CDH1, thereby promoting APC-FZR1 dependent degradation of mitotic cyclins and subsequent exit from mitosis. Required for normal hearing (PubMed:29293958).

Cellular Location

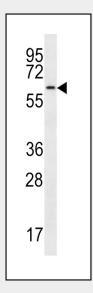
Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cell projection, kinocilium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6GQT0}. Cell projection, stereocilium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6GQT0}. Note=Centrosomal during interphase, released into the cytoplasm at the onset of mitosis. Subsequently localizes to the mitotic spindle pole and at the central spindle (PubMed:11901424, PubMed:12134069, PubMed:15263015). Present along both the transient kinocilia of developing cochlear hair cells and the persistent kinocilia of vestibular hair cells (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6GQT0, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11901424, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12134069, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15263015}

Cdc14 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

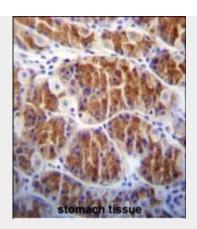
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Cdc14 Antibody - Images

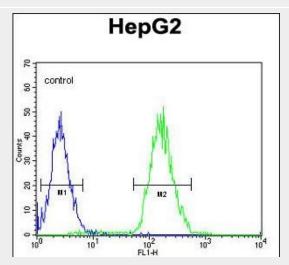


His6-cdc14 Antibody (Cat. #AP8440a) western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the cdc14 antibody detected the cdc14 protein (arrow).





Cdc14 Antibody (Cat. #AP8440a)immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human stomach tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of Cdc14 Antibody for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Cdc14 Antibody (Cat. #AP8440a) flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Cdc14 Antibody - Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the dual specificity protein tyrosine phosphatase family. This protein is highly similar to Saccharomyces cerevisiae Cdc14, a protein tyrosine phosphatase involved in the exit of cell mitosis and initiation of DNA replication, which suggests the role in cell cycle control. This protein has been shown to interact with and dephosphorylates tumor suppressor protein p53, and is thought to regulate the function of p53. Alternative splice of this gene results in 3 transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms.

Cdc14 Antibody - References

Kaiser,B.K., et al. Mol. Biol. Cell 13 (7), 2289-2300 (2002) Mailand,N., et al. Nat. Cell Biol. 4 (4), 317-322 (2002) Bembenek,J. and Yu,H. J. Biol. Chem. 276 (51), 48237-48242 (2001) Li,L., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 275 (4), 2410-2414 (2000) Wong,A.K., et al. Genomics 59 (2), 248-251 (1999) Li,L., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 272 (47), 29403-29406 (1997)