

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8463a

Specification

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application IHC-P, WB,E Primary Accession Q08209

Other Accession <u>P63329</u>, <u>P63328</u>, <u>P48452</u>

Reactivity
Predicted
Bovine, Rat
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Calculated MW
Antigen Region
Human, Mouse
Bovine, Rat
Rabbit
Rabbit
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
21-51

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5530

Other Names

Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2B catalytic subunit alpha isoform, CAM-PRP catalytic subunit, Calmodulin-dependent calcineurin A subunit alpha isoform, PPP3CA, CALNA, CNA

Target/Specificity

This Calcineurin (PPP3CA) antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 21-51 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human Calcineurin (PPP3CA).

Dilution

IHC-P~~1:50~100 WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information



Name PPP3CA (HGNC:9314)

Synonyms CALNA, CNA

Function Calcium-dependent, calmodulin-stimulated protein phosphatase which plays an essential role in the transduction of intracellular Ca(2+)-mediated signals (PubMed: 15671020, PubMed: 18838687, PubMed: 19154138, PubMed: 23468591, PubMed: 30254215). Many of the substrates contain a PxIxIT motif and/or a LxVP motif (PubMed: 17498738, PubMed: 17502104, PubMed:22343722, PubMed:23468591, PubMed:27974827). In response to increased Ca(2+) levels, dephosphorylates and activates phosphatase SSH1 which results in cofilin dephosphorylation (PubMed: 15671020). In response to increased Ca(2+) levels following mitochondrial depolarization, dephosphorylates DNM1L inducing DNM1L translocation to the mitochondrion (PubMed: 18838687). Positively regulates the CACNA1B/CAV2.2-mediated Ca(2+) release probability at hippocampal neuronal soma and synaptic terminals (By similarity). Dephosphorylates heat shock protein HSPB1 (By similarity). Dephosphorylates and activates transcription factor NFATC1 (PubMed: 19154138). In response to increased Ca(2+) levels, regulates NFAT-mediated transcription probably by dephosphorylating NFAT and promoting its nuclear translocation (PubMed: 26248042). Dephosphorylates and inactivates transcription factor ELK1 (PubMed: 19154138). Dephosphorylates DARPP32 (PubMed: 19154138). May dephosphorylate CRTC2 at 'Ser-171' resulting in CRTC2 dissociation from 14-3-3 proteins (PubMed: 30611118). Dephosphorylates transcription factor TFEB at 'Ser- 211' following Coxsackievirus B3 infection, promoting nuclear translocation (PubMed: 33691586). Required for postnatal development of the nephrogenic zone and superficial glomeruli in the kidneys, cell cycle homeostasis in the nephrogenic zone, and ultimately normal kidney function (By similarity). Plays a role in intracellular AQP2 processing and localization to the apical membrane in the kidney, may thereby be required for efficient kidney filtration (By similarity). Required for secretion of salivary enzymes amylase, peroxidase, lysozyme and sialic acid via formation of secretory vesicles in the submandibular glands (By similarity). Required for calcineurin activity and homosynaptic depotentiation in the hippocampus (By similarity). Required for normal differentiation and survival of keratinocytes and therefore required for epidermis superstructure formation (By similarity). Positively regulates osteoblastic bone formation, via promotion of osteoblast differentiation (By similarity). Positively regulates osteoclast differentiation, potentially via NFATC1 signaling (By similarity). May play a role in skeletal muscle fiber type specification, potentially via NFATC1 signaling (By similarity). Negatively regulates MAP3K14/NIK signaling via inhibition of nuclear translocation of the transcription factors RELA and RELB (By similarity). Required for antigen-specific T- cell proliferation response (By similarity). Dephosphorylates KLHL3, promoting the interaction between KLHL3 and WNK4 and subsequent degradation of WNK4 (PubMed:30718414). Negatively regulates SLC9A1 activity (PubMed:31375679).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cell membrane, sarcolemma {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63329}. Cytoplasm, myofibril, sarcomere, Z line {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63329}. Cell projection, dendritic spine. Note=Colocalizes with ACTN1 and MYOZ2 at the Z line in heart and skeletal muscle (By similarity). Recruited to the cell membrane by scaffold protein AKAP5 following L-type Ca(2+)-channel activation (PubMed:22343722) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63329, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22343722}

Tissue Location

Expressed in keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:29043977). Expressed in lymphoblasts (at protein level) (PubMed:30254215).

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

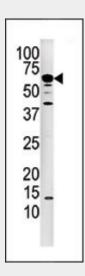
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

• Western Blot

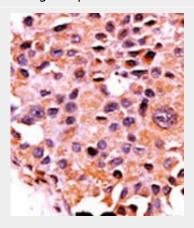


- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-PPP3CA Pab (Cat. #AP8463a) in mouse kidney tissue lysate.PPP3CA(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - Background

PPP3CA is a calcium-dependent, calmodulin-stimulated protein phosphatase. This subunit may have a role in the calmodulin activation of calcineurin. PPP3CA dephosphorylates HSPB1 and SSH1.

Calcineurin (PPP3CA) Antibody (N-term) - References

Rodriguez, A., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 280(11):9980-9984 (2005). Shirane, M., et al., Nat. Cell Biol. 5(1):28-37 (2003). Bengoechea-Alonso, M.T., et al., Nitric Oxide 8(1):65-74 (2003). Huai, Q., et al.,





Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99(19):12037-12042 (2002). Bennasser, Y., et al., Virology 303(1):174-180 (2002).