

## **GSDMB** Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8559c

### Specification

# **GSDMB Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<u>Q8TAX9</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	47348
Antigen Region	208-237

## **GSDMB** Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 55876

Other Names Gasdermin-B, Gasdermin-like protein, GSDMB, GSDML

Target/Specificity

This GSDMB antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 208-237 amino acids from the Central region of human GSDMB.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** GSDMB Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **GSDMB Antibody (Center) - Protein Information**

Name GSDMB {ECO:0000303|PubMed:27281216, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:23690}

**Function** [Gasdermin-B]: Precursor of a pore-forming protein that acts as a downstream mediator of granzyme-mediated cell death (PubMed:<u>32299851</u>). This form constitutes the precursor of the



pore- forming protein: upon cleavage, the released N-terminal moiety (Gasdermin-B, N-terminal) binds to membranes and forms pores, triggering pyroptosis (PubMed:<u>32299851</u>). Also acts as a regulator of epithelial cell repair independently of programmed cell death: translocates to the plasma membrane and promotes epithelial maintenance and repair by regulating PTK2/FAK-mediated phosphorylation of PDGFA (PubMed:<u>35021065</u>).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Gasdermin-B]: Cytoplasm. Note=Vesicular localization in the apical region of gastric chief cells and colonic surface mucous cells, and the basal region of neuroendocrine cells

#### **Tissue Location**

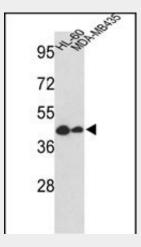
In the gastrointestinal tract, expressed in proliferating cells, including in the basal cell layer of esophagus and in isthmus/neck of stomach.

## **GSDMB Antibody (Center) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

GSDMB Antibody (Center) - Images



Western blot analysis of GSDMB Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AP8559c) in HL-60, MDA-MB435 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). GSDMB (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

# GSDMB Antibody (Center) - Background

GSDMB is a protein with 3' exonuclease activity. Enzymes with this activity are involved in DNA replication, repair, and recombination. Similarity to an E. coli protein suggests that this enzyme may be a subunit of DNA polymerase III, which does not have intrinsic exonuclease activity.

# **GSDMB Antibody (Center) - References**



Hur,J.W., et.al., Rheumatol. Int. 28 (8), 783-789 (2008) Chen,M.J., et.al., Nucleic Acids Res. 35 (8), 2682-2694 (2007) **GSDMB Antibody (Center) - Citations** 

- NU6300 covalently reacts with cysteine-191 of gasdermin D to block its cleavage and palmitoylation
- GSDMB promotes non-canonical pyroptosis by enhancing caspase-4 activity.
- <u>A functional splice variant associated with decreased asthma risk abolishes the ability of gasdermin B to induce epithelial cell pyroptosis.</u>
- <u>GSDMB induces an asthma phenotype characterized by increased airway responsiveness</u> and remodeling without lung inflammation.