

## SCP2 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8639C

## **Specification**

## **SCP2 Antibody (Center) - Product Information**

Application FC, IHC-P, WB,E

Primary Accession P22307

Other Accession <u>P11915</u>, <u>062742</u>, <u>P32020</u>, <u>P07857</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat Predicted Bovine, Rabbit

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 58994
Antigen Region 358-385

## SCP2 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

#### **Gene ID 6342**

### **Other Names**

Non-specific lipid-transfer protein, NSL-TP, Propanoyl-CoA C-acyltransferase, SCP-chi, SCPX, Sterol carrier protein 2, SCP-2, Sterol carrier protein X, SCP-X, SCP2

## Target/Specificity

This SCP2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 358-385 amino acids from the Central region of human SCP2.

#### **Dilution**

FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:10~50 WB~~1:500-2000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## **Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

SCP2 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## SCP2 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information



## Name SCP2 (HGNC:10606)

**Function** [Isoform SCPx]: Plays a crucial role in the peroxisomal oxidation of branched-chain fatty acids (PubMed:10706581). Catalyzes the last step of the peroxisomal beta-oxidation of branched chain fatty acids and the side chain of the bile acid intermediates di- and trihydroxycoprostanic acids (DHCA and THCA) (PubMed:10706581). Also active with medium and long straight chain 3-oxoacyl-CoAs. Stimulates the microsomal conversion of 7-dehydrocholesterol to cholesterol and transfers phosphatidylcholine and 7-dehydrocholesterol between membrances, in vitro (By similarity). Isoforms SCP2 and SCPx cooperate in peroxisomal oxidation of certain naturally occurring tetramethyl- branched fatty acyl-CoAs (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform SCP2]: Peroxisome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P32020}. Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P32020}. Mitochondrion {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P32020}

#### **Tissue Location**

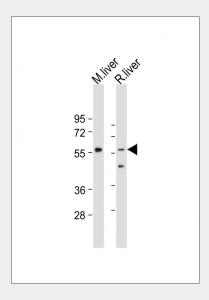
Liver, fibroblasts, and placenta.

### SCP2 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

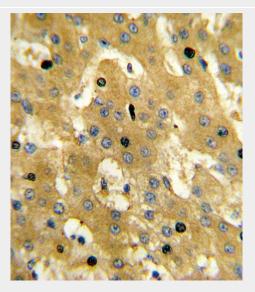
## SCP2 Antibody (Center) - Images



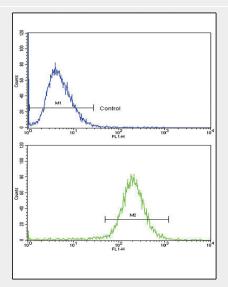
All lanes: Anti-SCP2 Antibody (Center) at 1:500-2000 dilution Lane 1: Mouse liver tissue lysate Lane 2: Rat liver tissue lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 59 kDa Blocking/Dilution



buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human hepatocarcinoma reacted with SCP2 Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using SCP2 Antibody (Center)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# SCP2 Antibody (Center) - Background

SCP2 mediates in vitro the transfer of all common phospholipids, cholesterol and gangliosides between membranes. It may play a role in regulating steroidogenesis.

## SCP2 Antibody (Center) - References

Wu, Y.B. et al. J Biol Chem. 2009 January 2; 284(1): 640?48. Baker, M.E., et.al., DNA Cell Biol. 10 (9), 695-698 (1991) Vila, A., et.al., Biochemistry 43 (39), 12592-12605 (2004)