

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP8682b**Specification**

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application | WB, IHC-P,E |
| Primary Accession | O96Q83 |
| Other Accession | Q32L00 |
| Reactivity | Human, Mouse |
| Predicted | Bovine |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Calculated MW | 33375 |
| Antigen Region | 242-269 |

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 221120**Other Names**

Alpha-ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase alkB homolog 3, 11411-, Alkylated DNA repair protein alkB homolog 3, DEPC-1, Prostate cancer antigen 1, ALKBH3, ABH3, DEPC1

Target/Specificity

This ALKBH3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 242-269 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human ALKBH3.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**Name** ALKBH3 ([HGNC:30141](#))

Function Dioxygenase that mediates demethylation of DNA and RNA containing 1-methyladenosine (m1A) (PubMed:[12486230](#), PubMed:[12594517](#), PubMed:[16174769](#), PubMed:[26863196](#), PubMed:[26863410](#)). Repairs alkylated DNA containing 1-methyladenosine (m1A) and 3-methylcytosine (m3C) by oxidative demethylation (PubMed:[12486230](#), PubMed:[12594517](#), PubMed:[16174769](#), PubMed:[25944111](#)). Has a strong preference for single-stranded DNA (PubMed:[12486230](#), PubMed:[12594517](#), PubMed:[16174769](#), PubMed:[20714506](#)). Able to process alkylated m3C within double-stranded regions via its interaction with ASCC3, which promotes DNA unwinding to generate single-stranded substrate needed for ALKBH3 (PubMed:[22055184](#)). Can repair exocyclic 3,N4-ethenocytosine adducts in single-stranded DNA (PubMed:[25797601](#)). Also acts on RNA (PubMed:[12594517](#), PubMed:[16174769](#), PubMed:[26863196](#), PubMed:[26863410](#), PubMed:[16858410](#)). Demethylates N(1)-methyladenosine (m1A) RNA, an epigenetic internal modification of messenger RNAs (mRNAs) highly enriched within 5'-untranslated regions (UTRs) and in the vicinity of start codons (PubMed:[26863196](#), PubMed:[26863410](#)). Requires molecular oxygen, alpha-ketoglutarate and iron (PubMed:[22055184](#), PubMed:[16858410](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Colocalizes with ASCC2 and ASCC3 in nuclear foci when cells have been exposed to alkylating agents that cause DNA damage (PubMed:29144457). Predominantly localizes to the nucleus

Tissue Location

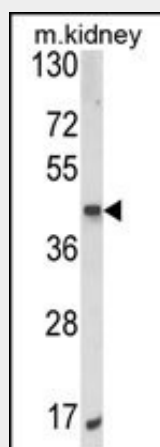
Ubiquitous. Detected in heart, pancreas, skeletal muscle, thymus, testis, ovary, spleen, prostate, small intestine, peripheral blood leukocytes, urinary bladder and colon

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

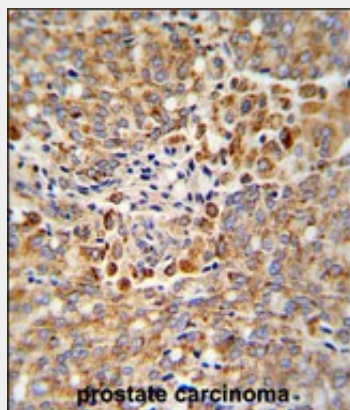
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP8682b) in mouse kidney tissue lysates (35ug/lane). ALKBH3 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma reacted with ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - Background

The Escherichia coli AlkB protein protects against the cytotoxicity of methylating agents by repair of the specific DNA lesions generated in single-stranded DNA. ALKBH2 (MIM 610602) and ALKBH3 are E. coli AlkB homologs that catalyze the removal of 1-methyladenine and 3-methylcytosine.

ALKBH3 Antibody (C-term) - References

Sundheim, O., et al., EMBO J. 25 (14), 3389-3397 (2006)