

VIME Antibody
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP8694a**Specification**

VIME Antibody - Product Information

Application	FC, IHC-P, WB,E
Primary Accession	P08670
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG

VIME Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 7431**Other Names**
Vimentin, VIM**Target/Specificity**

This Vimentin antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with Vimentin recombinant protein.

Dilution

FC~~1:10~50
IHC-P~~1:10~50
WB~~1:1000
E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

VIME Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

VIME Antibody - Protein Information**Name** VIM ([HGNC:12692](#))

Function Vimentins are class-III intermediate filaments found in various non-epithelial cells, especially mesenchymal cells. Vimentin is attached to the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum, and mitochondria, either laterally or terminally. Plays a role in cell directional movement, orientation, cell sheet organization and Golgi complex polarization at the cell migration front (By similarity).

Protects SCRIB from proteasomal degradation and facilitates its localization to intermediate filaments in a cell contact-mediated manner (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P31000}. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P20152}

Tissue Location

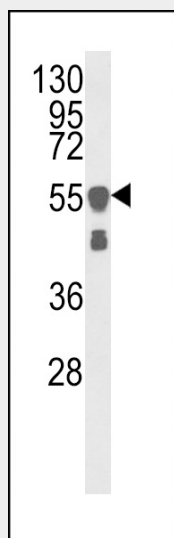
Highly expressed in fibroblasts, some expression in T- and B-lymphocytes, and little or no expression in Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines. Expressed in many hormone-independent mammary carcinoma cell lines.

VIME Antibody - Protocols

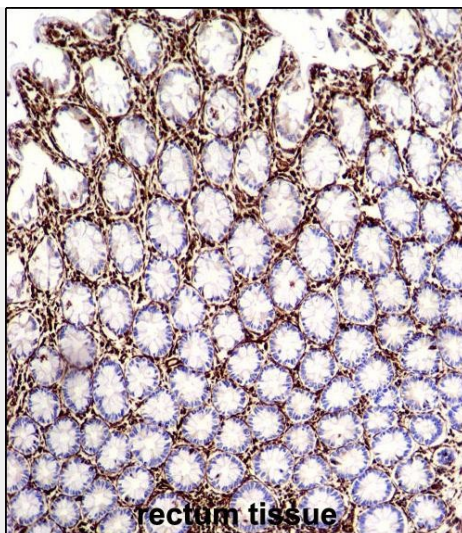
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

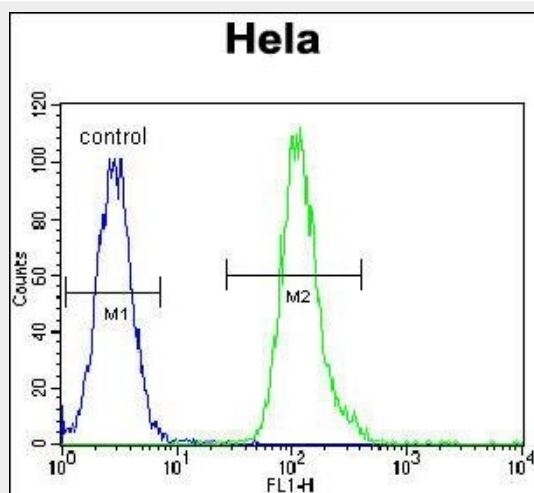
VIME Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of VIME Antibody (Cat. #AP8694a) in A375 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). VIME (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



VIME Antibody (Cat. #AP8694a) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human rectum tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of VIME Antibody for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



VIME Antibody (Cat. #AP8694a) flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

VIME Antibody - Background

VIME is a member of the intermediate filament family. Intermediate filaments, along with microtubules and actin microfilaments, make up the cytoskeleton. This protein is responsible for maintaining cell shape, integrity of the cytoplasm, and stabilizing cytoskeletal interactions. It is also involved in the immune response, and controls the transport of low-density lipoprotein (LDL)-derived cholesterol from a lysosome to the site of esterification. It functions as an organizer of a number of critical proteins involved in attachment, migration, and cell signaling.

VIME Antibody - References

Morishima, N., Genes Cells 4 (7), 401-414 (1999)