

## GOT2 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP8968a

## Specification

## **GOT2** Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession

Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Antigen Region WB, FC,E <u>P00505</u> <u>P00507</u>, <u>P00506</u>, <u>P05202</u>, <u>Q4R559</u>, <u>P00508</u>, <u>P12344</u> Human Bovine, Chicken, Monkey, Mouse, Pig, Rat Rabbit Polyclonal Rabbit IgG 33-61

## **GOT2** Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 2806

#### **Other Names**

Aspartate aminotransferase, mitochondrial, mAspAT, Fatty acid-binding protein, FABP-1, Glutamate oxaloacetate transaminase 2, Kynurenine aminotransferase 4, Kynurenine aminotransferase IV, Kynurenine--oxoglutarate transaminase 4, Kynurenine--oxoglutarate transaminase IV, Plasma membrane-associated fatty acid-binding protein, FABPpm, Transaminase A, GOT2

#### Target/Specificity

This GOT2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 33-61 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human GOT2.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

GOT2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



# GOT2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name GOT2 (<u>HGNC:4433</u>)

**Function** Catalyzes the irreversible transamination of the L-tryptophan metabolite L-kynurenine to form kynurenic acid (KA). As a member of the malate-aspartate shuttle, it has a key role in the intracellular NAD(H) redox balance. Is important for metabolite exchange between mitochondria and cytosol, and for amino acid metabolism. Facilitates cellular uptake of long-chain free fatty acids.

### **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion matrix. Cell membrane. Note=Exposure to alcohol promotes translocation to the cell membrane.

## **GOT2** Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

GOT2 Antibody (N-term) - Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela, HepG2, HL-60, Ramos, mouse brain cell line (from left to right), using GOT2 Antibody (N-term)(Cat. #AP8968a). AP8968a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.



GOT2 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP8968a) flow cytometry analysis of Ramos cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

# GOT2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Glutamic-oxaloacetic transaminase is a pyridoxal phosphate-dependent enzyme which exists in cytoplasmic and inner-membrane mitochondrial forms, GOT1 and GOT2, respectively. GOT plays a role in amino acid metabolism and the urea and tricarboxylic acid cycles. The two enzymes are homodimeric and show close homology.

# **GOT2** Antibody (N-term) - References

Schiele, F., et.al., Clin. Chem. 35 (6), 926-930 (1989) Watazu, Y., et.al., Clin. Chem. 36 (4), 687-689 (1990)